

M.Com. Cooperative Management (Two-Year) Programme

Regulations and Curriculum 2019

Department of Commerce



REGULATIONS FOR THE TWO-YEAR POST GRADUATE PROGRAMMES UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

These Regulations are common to all the students admitted to the Two-Year Master's Programmes in the Faculties of Arts, Science, Indian Languages, Education, Marine Sciences, and Fine Arts from the academic year 2019-2020 onwards.

1. Definitions and Nomenclature

- **1.1 University** refers to Annamalai University.
- **1.2 Department** means any of the academic departments and academic centres at the University.
- **1.3 Discipline** refers to the specialization or branch of knowledge taught and researched in higher education. For example, Botany is a discipline in the Natural Sciences, while Economics is a discipline in Social Sciences.
- **1.4 Programme** encompasses the combination of courses and/or requirements leading to a Degree. For example, M.A., M.Sc., M.Com.,
- **1.5 Course** is an individual subject in a programme. Each course may consist of Lectures/Tutorials/Laboratory work/Seminar/Project work/Experiential learning/ Report writing/viva-voce etc. Each course has a course title and is identified by a course code.
- **1.6 Curriculum** encompasses the totality of student experiences that occur during the educational process.
- **1.7 Syllabus** is an academic document that contains the complete information about an academic programme and defines responsibilities and outcomes. This includes course information, course objectives, policies, evaluation, grading, learning resources and course calendar.
- **1.8 Academic Year** refers to the annual period of sessions of the University that comprises two consecutive semesters.
- **1.9 Semester** is a half-year term that lasts for a minimum duration of 90 days. Each academic year is divided into two semesters.
- **1.10 Choice Based Credit System** A mode of learning in higher education that enables a student to have the freedom to select his/her own choice of elective courses across various disciplines for completing the Degree programme.
- **1.11 Core Course** is mandatory and an essential requirement to qualify for the Degree.
- **1.12 Elective Course** is a course that a student can choose from a range of alternatives.
- **1.13 Value-added Courses** are optional courses that complement the students' knowledge and skills and enhance their employability.
- **1.14 Credit** refers to the quantum of course work in terms of number of class hours in a semester required for a programme. The credit value reflects the content and duration of a particular course in the curriculum.
- **1.15 Credit Hour** refers to the number of class hours per week required for a course in a semester. It is used to calculate the credit value of a particular course.
- **1.16 Programme Outcomes (POs)** are statements that describe crucial and essential knowledge, skills and attitudes that students are expected to achieve and can reliably manifest at the end of a programme.

- **1.17 Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)** are statements that list what the graduate of a specific programme should be able to do at the end of the programme.
- **1.18 Learning Objectives also known as Course Objectives** are statements that define the expected goal of a course in terms of demonstrable skills or knowledge that will be acquired by a student as a result of instruction.
- **1.19 Course Outcomes (COs)** are statements that describe what students should be able to achieve/demonstrate at the end of a course. They allow follow-up and measurement of learning objectives.
- **1.20 Grade Point Average (GPA)** is the average of the grades acquired in various courses that a student has taken in a semester. The formula for computing GPA is given in section 11.3
- 1.21 Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student over all the semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters.
- **1.22 Letter Grade** is an index of the performance of a student in a particular course. Grades are denoted by the letters S, A, B, C, D, E, RA, and W.

2. Programme Offered and Eligibility Criteria

The Department of Commerce offersTwo year M.Com Programmes -M.Com. (Cooperative Management).

Faculty of Arts						
Programme	Eligibility					
M.Com. Co-operative Management	A pass in B.Com. or B.B.A. or B.A. Corporate Secretary ship or B.B.M. or B.Com (Co-operation) or B.A. (Co-operation) or B.A. (Bank Management) or BBA degree examination or any other examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto, with not less than 40% of marks in the main subjects.					

2.1 In the case of SC/ST and Differently-abled candidates, a pass is the minimum qualification for all the above Programmes.

3. Reservation Policy

Admission to the various programmes will be strictly based on the reservation policy of the Government of Tamil Nadu.

4. Programme Duration

- 4.1 The Two Year Master's Programmes consist of two academic years.
- 4.2 Each academic year is divided into two semesters, the first being from July to November and the second from December to April.
- 4.3 Each semester will have 90 working days (18 weeks).

5 Programme Structure

5.1 The Two Year Master's Programme consists of Core Courses, Elective Courses (Departmental & Interdepartmental), and Project. (Annexure I)

5.2 Core courses

- 5.2.1 These are a set of compulsory courses essential for each Programme.
- 5.2.2 The core courses include both Theory (Core Theory) and Practical (Core Practical) courses.

5.3 Elective courses

- 5.3.1 **Departmental Electives (DEs)** are the Electives that students can choose from a range of Electives offered within the Department. (Annexure I)
- **5.3.2 Interdepartmental Electives (IDEs)** are Electives that students can choose from amongst the courses offered by other departments of the same faculty as well as by the departments of other faculties.

5.4 Experiential Learning

- 5.4.1 Experiential learning provides opportunities to students to connect principles of the discipline with real-life situations.
- 5.4.2 In-plant training/field trips/internships/industrial visits (as applicable) fall under this category.
- 5.4.3 Experiential learning is categorised as Core.

5.5 Project

- 5.5.1 Each student shall undertake a Project in the final semester.
- 5.5.2 The Head of the Department shall assign a Research Supervisor to the student.
- 5.5.3 The Research Supervisor shall assign a topic for research and monitor the progress of the student periodically.
- 5.5.4 Students who wish to undertake project work in recognised institutions/industry shall obtain prior permission from the University. The Research Supervisor will be from the host institute, while the Co-Supervisor shall be a faculty in the parent department.
- 5.5.5 **Value added Courses (VACs)** (Annexure II)
- 5.5.6 Students may also opt to take Value added Courses beyond the minimum credits required for award of the Degree. VACs are outside the normal credit paradigm.
- 5.5.7 These courses impart employable and life skills. VACs are listed in the University website and in the Handbook on Interdepartmental Electives and VACs.
- 5.5.8 Each VAC carries 2 credits with 30 hours of instruction, of which 60% (18 hours) shall be Theory and 40% (12 hours) Practical.
- 5.5.9 Classes for a VAC are conducted beyond the regular class hours and preferably in the II and III Semesters

5.6 Online Courses

- 5.6.1 The Heads of Departments shall facilitate enrolment of students in Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) platform such as SWAYAM to provide academic flexibility and enhance the academic career of students.
- 5.6.2 Students who successfully complete a course in the MOOCs platform shall be exempted from one elective course of the programme.

5.7 Credit Distribution

The credit distribution is organised as follows:

	Credits
Core Courses	72
Elective Courses	15
Project	8
Total	95

5.8 Credit Assignment

Each course is assigned credits and credit hours on the following basis:

- 1 Credit is defined as
- 1 Lecture period of one hour per week over a semester
- 1 Tutorial period of one hour per week over a semester
- 1 Practical/Project period of two or three hours (depending on the discipline) per week over a semester.

6 Attendance

- **6.1** Each faculty handling a course shall be responsible for the maintenance of *Attendance* and *Assessment Record* for candidates who have registered for the course.
- **6.2** The Record shall contain details of the students' attendance, marks obtained in the Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) Tests, Assignments and Seminars. In addition the Record shall also contain the organisation of lesson plan of the Course Instructor.
- **6.3** The record shall be submitted to the Head of the Department once a month for monitoring the attendance and syllabus coverage.
- **6.4** At the end of the semester, the record shall be duly signed by the Course Instructor and the Head of the Department and placed in safe custody for any future verification.
- **6.5** The Course Instructor shall intimate to the Head of the Department at least seven calendar days before the last instruction day in the semester about the attendance particulars of all students.
- **6.6** Each student shall have a minimum of 75% attendance in all the courses of the particular semester failing which he or she will not be permitted to write the End-Semester Examination. The student has to redo the semester in the next year.
- **6.7** Relaxation of attendance requirement up to 10% may be granted for valid reasons such as illness, representing the University in extracurricular activities and participation in NCC/NSS/YRC/RRC.

7 Mentor-Mentee System

7.1 To help the students in planning their course of study and for general advice on the academic programme, the Head of the Department will attach certain number of students to a member of the faculty who shall function as a Mentor throughout their period of study.

- **7.2** The Mentors will guide their mentees with the curriculum, monitor their progress, and provide intellectual and emotional support.
- 7.3 The Mentors shall also help their mentees to choose appropriate electives and value-added courses, apply for scholarships, undertake projects, prepare for competitive examinations such as NET/SET, GATE etc., attend campus interviews and participate in extracurricular activities.

8 Examinations

- **8.1** The examination system of the University is designed to systematically test the student's progress in class, laboratory and field work through Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) Tests and End-Semester Examination (ESE).
- **8.2** There will be two CIA Tests and one ESE in each semester.
- **8.3** The Question Papers will be framed to test different levels of learning based on Bloom's taxonomy viz. Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Analysis, Synthesis and Evaluation/Creativity.

8.4 Continuous Internal Assessment Tests

- 8.4.1 The CIA Tests shall be a combination of a variety of tools such as class tests, assignments, seminars, and viva-voce that would be suitable to the course. This requires an element of openness.
- 8.4.2 The students are to be informed in advance about the assessment procedures.
- 8.4.3 The pattern of question paper will be decided by the respective faculty.
- 8.4.4 CIA Test-I will cover the syllabus of the first two units while CIA Test-II will cover the last three units.
- 8.4.5 CIA Tests will be for two to three hours duration depending on the quantum of syllabus.
- 8.4.6 A student cannot repeat the CIA Test-I and CIA Test-II. However, if for any valid reason, the student is unable to attend the test, the prerogative of arranging a special test lies with the teacher in consultation with the Head of the Department.

8.5 End Semester Examinations (ESE)

- 8.5.1 The ESE for the first/third semester will be conducted in November and for the second/fourth semester in May.
- 8.5.2 A candidate who does not pass the examination in any course(s) of the first, second and third semesters will be permitted to reappear in such course(s) that will be held in April and November in the subsequent semester/year.
- 8.5.3 The ESE will be of three hours duration and will cover the entire syllabus of the course.

9 Evaluation

9.1 Marks Distribution

- 9.1.1. Each course, both Theory and Practical as well as Project/Internship/Field work/Inplant training shall be evaluated for a maximum of 100 marks.
- 9.1.2 For the theory courses, CIA Tests will carry 25% and the ESE 75% of the marks.
- 9.1.3 For the Practical courses, the CIA Tests will constitute 40% and the ESE 60% of the marks.

9.2. Assessment of CIA Tests

- 9.2.1 For the CIA Tests, the assessment will be done by the Course Instructor
- 9.2.2 For the Theory Courses, the break-up of marks shall be as follows:

	Marks
Test-I & Test-II	15
Seminar	05
Assignment	05
Total	25

9.3 Assessment of End-Semester Examinations

- 9.3.1 Single Evaluation for the ESE is done by the Course Teachers.
- 9.3.2 "In case of grievance received from the student, second evaluation will be done as per the rules".

9.4 Assessment of Project/Dissertation

- 9.4.1 The Project Report/Dissertation shall be submitted as per the guidelines laid down by the University.
- 9.4.2 The Project Work/Dissertation shall carry a maximum of 100 marks.
- 9.4.3 CIA for Project will consist of a Review of literature survey, experimentation/field work, attendance etc.
- 9.4.4 The Project Report evaluation and viva-voce will be conducted by a committee constituted by the Head of the Department.
- 9.4.5 The Project Evaluation Committee will comprise the Head of the Department, Project Supervisor, and a senior faculty.
- 9.4.6 The marks shall be distributed as follows:

_	rnal Assessment //arks)	End Semester Examination (75 Marks)			
Review-I 10	Review-II: 15	Project / Dissertation Evaluation	Viva-voce		
Treview II. IV		50	25		

9.5 Assessment of Value-added Courses

- 9.5.1 Assessment of VACs shall be internal.
- 9.5.2 Two CIA Tests shall be conducted during the semester by the Department(s) offering VAC.
- 9.5.3 A committee consisting of the Head of the Department, faculty handling the course and a senior faculty member shall monitor the evaluation process.
- 9.5.4 The grades obtained in VACs will not be included for calculating the GPA.

9.6 Passing Minimum

9.6.1 A student is declared to have passed in each course if he/she secures not less than 40% marks in the ESE and not less than 50% marks in aggregate taking CIA and ESE marks together. 9.6.4 A candidate who has not secured a minimum of 50% of marks in a course (CIA + ESE) shall reappear for the course in the next semester/year.

10. Conferment of the Master's Degree

A candidate who has secured a minimum of 50% marks in all courses prescribed in the programme and earned the minimum required credits shall be considered to have passed the Master's Programme.

11. Marks and Grading

- **11.1** The performance of students in each course is evaluated in terms Grade Point (GP).
- 11.2 The sum total performance in each semester is rated by Grade Point Average (GPA) while Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) indicates the Average Grade Point obtained for all the courses completed from the first semester to the current semester.
- 11.3 The GPA is calculated by the formula

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i G_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i}$$

where, C_i is the Credit earned for the Course i in any semester; G_i is the Grade Point obtained by the student for the Course i and n is the number of Courses passed in that semester.

11.4 CGPA is the Weighted Average Grade Point of all the Courses passed starting from the first semester to the current semester.

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}G_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}}$$

where, C_i is the Credit earned for the Course i in any semester; G_i is the Grade Point obtained by the student for the Course i and n is the number of Courses passed in that semester. m is the number of semesters

11.5 Evaluation of the performance of the student will be rated as shown in the Table.

Letter Grade	Grade Points	Marks %
S	10	90 and above
Α	9	80-89
В	8	70-79
С	7	60-69
D	6	55-59
Е	5	50-54
RA	0	Less than 50
W	0	Withdrawn from the examination

- 11.6 Classification of Results. The successful candidates are classified as follows:
- 11.6.1 For **First Class with Distinction**: Candidates who have passed all the courses prescribed in the Programme*in the first attempt* with a CGPA of 8.25 or above within the programme duration. Candidates who have withdrawn from the End Semester

- Examinations are still eligible for First Class with Distinction (See Section 12 for details).
- 11.6.2 For **First Class:** Candidates who have passed all the courses with a CGPA of 6.5 or above.
- 11.6.3 For **Second Class:** Candidates who have passed all the courses with a CGPA between 5.0 and less than 6.5.
- 11. 6.4 Candidates who obtain highest marks in all examinations at the first appearance alone will be considered for University Rank.

11.7 Course-Wise Letter Grades

- 11.7.1 The percentage of marks obtained by a candidate in a course will be indicated in a letter grade.
- 11.7.2 A student is considered to have completed a course successfully and earned the credits if he/she secures an overall letter grade other than RA.
- 11.7.3 A course successfully completed cannot be repeated for the purpose of improving the Grade Point.
- 11.7.4 A letter grade RA indicates that the candidate shall reappear for that course. The RA Grade once awarded stays in the grade card of the student and is not deleted even when he/she completes the course successfully later. The grade acquired later by the student will be indicated in the grade sheet of the Odd/Even semester in which the candidate has appeared for clearance of the arrears.
- 11.7.5 If a student secures RA grade in the Project Work/Field Work/Practical Work/Dissertation, he/she shall improve it and resubmit if it involves only rewriting/incorporating the clarifications suggested by the evaluators or he/she can re-register and carry out the same in the subsequent semesters for evaluation.

12. Provision for Withdrawal from the End Semester Examination

- **12.1** The letter grade W indicates that a candidate has withdrawn from the examination.
- **12.2** A candidate is permitted to withdraw from appearing in the ESE for one course or courses in **ANY ONE** of the semesters **ONLY** for exigencies deemed valid by the University authorities.
- 12.3 Permission for withdrawal from the examination shall be granted only once during the entire duration of the programme.
- **12.3** Application for withdrawal shall be considered **only** if the student has registered for the course(s), and fulfilled the requirements for attendance and CIA tests.
- 12.4 The application for withdrawal shall be made ten days prior to the commencement of the examination and duly approved by the Controller of Examinations. Notwithstanding the mandatory prerequisite of ten days notice, due consideration will be given under extraordinary circumstances.
- **12.5** Withdrawal is <u>not</u> granted for arrear examinations of courses in previous semesters and for the final semester examinations.
- **12.6** Candidates who have been granted permission to withdraw from the examination shall reappear for the course(s) when the course(s) are offered next.
- **12.7** Withdrawal shall not be taken into account as an appearance for the examination when considering the eligibility of the candidate to qualify for First Class with Distinction.

13. Academic misconduct

Any action that results in an unfair academic advantage/interference with the functioning of the academic community constitutes academic misconduct. This includes but is not limited to cheating, plagiarism, altering academic documents, fabrication/falsification of data, submitting the work of another student, interfering with

other students' work, removing/defacing library or computer resources, stealing other students' notes/assignments, and electronically interfering with other students'/University's intellectual property. Since many of these acts may be committed unintentionally due to lack of awareness, students shall be sensitized on issues of academic integrity and ethics.

14. Transitory Regulations

Wherever there has been a change of syllabi, examinations based on the existing syllabus will be conducted for two consecutive years after implementation of the new syllabus in order to enable the students to clear the arrears. Beyond that, the students will have to take up their examinations in equivalent subjects, as per the new syllabus, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department concerned.

15. Notwithstanding anything contained in the above pages as Rules and Regulations governing the Two Year Master's Programmes at Annamalai University, the Syndicate is vested with the powers to revise them from time to time on the recommendations of the Academic Council.

Annexure I

Annamalai University Department of Commerce

M.Com Co-operative Management (Two Year) Programme Programme Code: ACOM22

Programme Structure

(For students admitted from the academic year 2019-2020)

Course	Course Title	Hours/Week			Marks			
Code		L	P	С	CIA	ESE	Total	
	Semester-I							
19CCMC101	Core 1: Business Environment	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC102	Core 2: Advanced Financial Accounting	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC103	Core 3: Banking and Insurance	4		4	25	75	100	
19CCMC104	Core 4: Digital Marketing	5		5	25	75	100	
	Elective 1: Interdepartmental Elective	3		3	25	75	100	
	Total Credit from Semester I	22		22	125	375	500	
	Semester-II							
19CCMC201	Core 5: Human Resource Management	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC202	Core 6: Financial Management	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC203	Core 7: Business Research Methods	4		4	25	75	100	
19CCMC204	Core 8: .Business Analytics	5		5	25	75	100	
	Elective 1: Departmental Elective	3		3	25	75	100	
	Elective 2: Interdepartmental Elective				25	75	100	
	Total Credit from Semester II	25		25	150	450	600	
	Semester-III							
19CCMC301	Core 9: Co-operation in India	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC302	Core 10: Co-operation in Foreign Countries	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC303	Core 11:Co-operative Financial Institutions in India	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMP304	Core 12: . Institutional Training/Internship	5		5	25	75	100	
	Elective 2: Departmental Elective	3		3	25	75	100	
	Elective 3: Interdepartmental Elective	3		3	25	75	100	
	Total Credit from Semester III	26		26	150	450	600	
	Semester-IV	. 1			T	1		
19CCMC401	Core 13: Co-operative Management and Administration	5		5	25	75	100	
19CCMC402	Core 14: Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act 1983	5		4	25	75	100	
19CCMC403	Core 15: Co-operative Service Institutions in India	4		5	25	75	100	
19CCMP404	Project and Viva-voce	8	8	8	25	75	100	
	Total Credit from Semester IV	22		22	100	300	400	
	Overall Total Credits from Semester I to IV			95	525	1575	2100	
19IPSCI406	Constitution of India	02				_		
		_1	1		1	1	<u> </u>	

L- Lectures; P- Practical; C- Credits; CIA- Continuous Internal Assessment; ESE- End-Semester Examination

Note:

- 1. Students shall take both Department Electives (DEs) and Interdepartmental Electives (IDEs) from a range of choices available.
- 2. Students may opt for any Value-added Courses listed in the University website.

Elective Courses Department Electives (DE)

S.	Course Title		Course Title Hours/ week		Course Title week			Marks		
No	Code		L	С	CIA	ESE	Total			
1.	19CODE205	Corporate Social Responsibility	3	3	25	75	100			
2.	19CODE206	International Finance and Foreign Exchange	3	3	25	75	100			
3.	19CODE207	International Logistics Management	3	3	25	75	100			
4.	19CODE305	Goods and Services Tax	3	3	25	75	100			
5.	19CODE306	Marketing of Financial Services	3	3	25	75	100			
6.	19CODE307	Project Finance and Management	3	3	25	75	100			

Electives Offered to Other Departments

S.	Course	Course Title	Course Title Hours/ week			Marks	S
No	Code		L	С	CIA	ESE	Total
1.	19CIDX105	Marketing Management	3	3	25	75	100
2.	19CIDX106	Business Communication & Report Writing	3	3	25	75	100
3.	19CIDX107	Digital Banking	3	3	25	75	100
4.	19CIDX205	Income Tax and GST Assessment Methods	3	3	25	75	100
5.	19CIDX206	Office Management	3	3	25	75	100
6.	19CIDX207	Stock Market Investing	3	3	25	75	100
7.	19CIDX305	Accounting for Managerial Decisions	3	3	25	75	100
8.	19CIDX306	Integrated Agripreunrship Development	3	3	25	75	100
9.	19CIDX307	Advertising Management	3	3	25	75	100

5.3.3 Students shall take a combination of both DEs and IDEs.

Annexure II

Value Added Course

		Hours		Marks			
Course Code	Course little	Course Title L		С	CIA	ESE	Total
19CVAC210	CRM in e- BANKING	3	0	3	25	75	100
19CVAC310	Artificial Intelligence and its Applications in Business	3	0	3	25	75	100

ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

All PG in the Faculties of Arts / Sci. / M. Sci. / Ind. Lan. / Edn. / Fine Arts. [2019-20]

[End Semester Examinations]

Bloom's Taxonomy - Questions Conforming to Levels K1 to K6

I Year (Two year PG)					II Year (Two Year PG)				
Level	Part	Questions & Marks	Total Marks		Level	Part	Questions & Marks	Total Marks	
K1		5 x 2	10		K1	A	5 x 2	10	
K2	A	5 x 2	10		K2	A	5 x 2	10	
K3	В	4 x5	20		K3	В	2 x 5	10	
K4	В	4 x5	20		K4	В	4 x 5	20	
K5	С	3 x 10	30		K5	C	3 x10	30	
K6	D	1 x 10	10		K6	D	2x 10	20	
1								100	

Notes:

- (i) All QPs of both internal and ESE shall contain four sections of A,B,C & D with the prescribed levels of 'K_is'.
- (ii) Part A has no choice.
- (iii) Open Choice is followed for Parts B, C and D.
- (iv) No choice for MBA Programme in Part D as to the Case Study question is concerned.
- (v) Actions verbs are appended for reading/reference and as guidelines for adherence.
- (vi) Please ensure equal/fairly equal weight to all Units and COs.

	K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6
Definitions	Remembering	Understanding	Applying	Analyzing	Evaluating	Creating
Bloom's	Exhibit memory	Demonstrate	Solve	Examine and	Present and	Compile
Definition	of previously	understanding of	problems to	break	defend	information
	learned	facts and ideas	new	information	opinions by	together in
	material by recalling facts,	by organizing, comparing,	situations by applying	into parts by identifying	making judgments	a different way by
	terms, basic	translating,	acquired	motives or	about	combining
	concepts, and	interpreting,	knowledge,	causes. Make	information,	elements in
	answers	giving	facts,	inferences	validity of	a new
		descriptions,	techniques	and find	ideas, or	pattern or
		and stating main	and rules in	evidence to	quality of work	proposing
		ideas	a different	support	based on a set of criteria.	alternative solutions
Verbs	Choose	Classify	way Apply	generalization Analyze	Agree	Adapt
10183		1			Appraise	Build
	Define	Compare	Build	Assume	Assess	Change
	Find	Contrast	Choose	Categorize	Award	Choose
	How	Demonstrate	Construct	Classify	Choose	Combine
	Label	Evaloia	Develop		Compare Conclude	Compile
		Explain		Compare	Criteria	Compose Construct
	List	Illustrate	Experiment	Conclusion	Criticize	Create
	Match	Infer	with	Contrast	Decide	Delete
	Name	Interpret		Discover	Deduct	Design
		Outline	Identify		Defend	Develop
	Omit		Interview	Dissect	Determine Disprove	Discuss Elaborate
	Recall	Relate		Distinguish	Estimate	Estimate
	Relate	Rephrase	Make use	Divide	Evaluate	Formulate
	Select	Show	of	Examine	Explain	Happen
			01		Importance	Imagine
	Show Spell	Summarize	Model	Function	Influence Interpret	Improve Invent
	Tell	Translate		Inference	Judge	Makeup
	What		Organize	Inspect	Justify	Maximize
	When		Plan	List	Mark	Modify
			Select		Measure	Original
	Where		Solve	Motive	Opinion Perceive	Originate Plan
	Which			Relationships	Prioritize	Predict
	Who		Utilize	Simplify	Prove	Propose
	Why			Survey	Rate	Solution
	, villy				Recommend	Solve
				Take part in	Rule on Select	Suppose Test
				Test for	Support	Theory
				Theme	Value	1.1.55. y

Programme Objective:

The overall programme objective M.Com (Co-operative Management) is to empower the students to enable, to equip and to gain expertise themselves in the field of Co-operative accounting & auditing and better practice of co-operative management and administration under the guidance of the Tamil Nadu Co-operative societies Act for improved business analytics & Digital marketing in ever-changing co-operative business environment applicable for co-operative service institutions in India.

Programme Specific Objectives:

The overall programme objective is:

- **PSO1.** To impart the students with the knowledge about ever changing Environment of business, Banking and Insurance, Digital marketing and Financial Accounting
- **PSO2.** To make the students gain the applied knowledge in the functional areas of business.
- **PSO3.** To equip the students with the expert knowledge about the principles, practice and Management of Co-operatives in India and Abroad, Practical approaches to Accounting & Auditing
- PSO4. To educate the students about recent trends and International exposure in the field of Co-operative Management & Administration and Application of Co-operative Societies Act of Tamil Nadu 1983 and recent amendment.

Programme Outcomes (POs)

- **PO1** Critical thinking
- PO2 Cultivating Cognitive skills required in the job market
- **PO3** Effective Communication
- PO4 Familiarity with ICT to thrive in the information age
- **PO5** Cultivating aptitude for research
- **PO6** Respect for alternate view-points including those conflicting with one's own perspectives
- **PO7** Ability to work individually and as members in a team
- **PO8** Upholding ethical standards
- **PO9** Acting local while thinking global
- **PO10** Commitment to gender equality
- **PO11** Commitment to Sustainable development
- **PO12** Lifelong learning

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

This programme would enable the students to gain expert knowledge and applied practical exposure in the field of Co-operative Management. After the successful completion of the M.Com Co-operative Management Degree programme, the students will be able to

- **PSO1** Discuss about the key areas of Financial Management, Marketing, Accounting and Reporting system, Project finance and Management, Business environment, digital technologies in banking, insurance, human resource skill in maintaining the quality of work life in an organization.
- **PSO2** Demonstrate the professional skills in valuation of stock, calculating of GST, e-filling and different stages of accounting in partnership, Branch and Departmental accounts, Hire purchase and Installment system and specialized accounts
- **PSO3** Recall the fundamental principles of international financial management and concept of logistic management, CRM in e-banking, digital marketing and explain about business analytics.
- **PSO4** Gain exposure to attain complete knowledge in Co-operation in India and foreign countries, co-operative financial institution India. And also understand the International Logistics Management, Advertising Management and Indian stock market operations.
- **PSO5** Understand the key concepts of Co-operative Management and Administration, Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act 1983, and Co-operative Service Institutions in India.
- **PSO6** Empowering the knowledge about Marketing of Financial Services, Project Finance, Management, and Investing in the stock market and Corporate Social Responsibility.

Model Question Paper ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

M. COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION

Programme:	: Two Year P	' G	Y	ear : I	Semester:
Course Code:		(Course N	ame:	
Time: 3 Hrs			Max.M	arks:100	
	(A	Part-A nswer ALL		uestions)	(Marks: (10x2=20)
1. Define					
2. Multiple Choices		c.			
3. Multiple Choices	a. b.	c.	d.		
4. Match the following	ng i - a ii	- b iii - c	iv –d	v	
5. Match the following	ng i - a ii	- b iii - c	iv –d	v	
6. Explain					
7. Select					
8. Describe					
9. Classify					
10. Elucidate			D (D		
			Part-B	_	Marks: (8x5=40)
11 D	(Answer an	y EIGHT o	f the que	estions)	
11. Prepare					
12. Solve					
13. Apply					
14. Show					
15. Categorize					
16. Analyze					
17. Distinguish					
18. Infer					
19. Compare					
20. Compute		Dane			M 1 (2.10.20)
	(American error	<u>Part</u>		stices)	Marks: (3x10=30)
21. Discuss	(Answer any	THREE U	j ine que	suons)	
22. Summarize					
23. Evaluate					
24. Disprove					
24. Disprove		p .	art-D		Marks: (1x10=10)
	(Answer ar			ions)	141a1 K5. (1X1U-1U)
25. Design	(ZIIISWEI UI	iy OIIL UJ	ine quesi	wiisj	
26. Develop					
20. 20. clop					

Model Question Paper ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

M. COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION

Programme:	_: Two Year PG	Year : II	Semester:
Course Code:		Course Name:	
Time: 3 Hrs		Max.Marks:100	
	(Ans	<u>Part-A</u> swer ALL of the question	Marks: (10x2=20)
1. Define			
2. Multiple Choice		d.	
3. Multiple Choice			
	ving i - a ii - b ii		
	ving i-a ii-b ii	1 - c 1V –d V	
6. Explain			
7. Select 8. Describe			
9. Classify			
10. Elucidate			
10. Liucidate		Part-B	Marks: (6x5=30)
	(Ansı	ver any SIX of the quest	
11. Apply	(21765)	ver any SIII of the questi	
12. Show			
13. Prepare			
14. Make use of			
15. Categorize			
16. Analyze			
17. Distinguish			
18. Simplify			
		Part-C	Marks: (3x10=30)
19. Discuss	(Answer any	THREE of the question	s)
20. Recommend wit	-h		
21. Evaluate	11		
22. Justify			
23. Optimize			
25. Optimize		Part-D	Marks: (2x10=20)
		O of the questions)	Mains. (ZAIO ZO)
24. Design	(, 2, 1 // (- J 4	
25. Formulate			
26. Modify			

Semester I

19CCMC101: BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To acquaint the students, to have a basic knowledge on Business Environment

LO2: To provide an insight into the theories of economic, natural and global Environment to the students

LO3: To enable the students to have an overview of technological environment of business

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Analyse the environment of business from the legal and regulatory, Macroeconomic, cultural, political and technological environment

CO2: Apply various strategic tools to assess performance of business environment

CO3: Critically make an in-depth analysis of each component of Business Environment so that a comparison with own organization is feasible.

CO4: Understand the factors affecting the organizational effectiveness

CO5: Explain and synthesize Business Environment information in the global environment

Unit I: Introduction to Business and its Environment

Characteristics of modern business, concept and nature of Business Environment, characteristics of environment, Micro and macro environment, Impact of business environment on business decisions- Stages of Environmental Analysis – approaches to environmental analysis.

Unit II: Economic Environment:

Economic Environment -Concept and nature of economic environment- Economic System - Business Cycle - Inflation - Causes - Impact of Inflation - Deflation- Stagflation - Planned Economy- Five year Plans - NITI Aayog - Members - Functions - Fiscal Policies - Union Budget - Structure of Union Budget.

Unit III: Global Environment

Nature of Globalisation – Rational for Globalisation – MNCs, Benefits from MNCs – Problems – Strategies in Globalisation – FIIs and FDI – WTO – Functions -implications for India.

Privatisation – Nature and Objectives – Privatisation routes - Arguments against Privatisation – Disinvestment in India.

Unit IV: Political Environment:

Concept and nature of political environment, components of political environment, Economic role of government- Regulatory role, Promotional role, Entrepreneurial role, Planning role. State intervention in business - Pros and Cons of intervention.

Unit V: Natural and Technological Environment:

Natural environment – meaning - impact on business. Natural pollution- meaning, types. Concept and nature of Technological environment- Elements of technological environment- Technology and Society. Economic effect of technology - New Technology policy.

Ethics in Business- Social Responsibility of business - Arguments for and against Social Responsibility- Social Audit.

Recent Trends in Business Environment

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Business Environment to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Acharya and Govekar 2015, Business Policy and Administration, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 2. Aswathappa, K 2016, Essentials of Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 3. Charles W.L.Hill 2014, Global Business Today, Tata McGraw Hill, UK, 2004

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Heldi Vernon 2016, Business and Society, Tata McGraw Hill, UK.
- 2. Adrian Palmer and Bob Hartley 2017, The Business Environment, McGraw Hill, UK
- 3. Rajan, V.R 2017, Globalisation of Indian Industries Strategies and Management, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi
- 4. Cherunilam, Francis 2017, Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 5. Ghosh,P.K 2017, Business Policy-Strategic Planning and Management Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.

Outcome Mapping

				• • • • • •														
CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS 01	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS 06
CO1	М										L		Г					М
CO2	М		L	М										М		М	М	L
СОЗ	L	S							М		S		S				S	
CO4	М			М									L					
CO5			М					М	М				М			L		L

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Suggested MOOC Courses:

- 1. *International Business Environment and Global Strategy (edX),* Created by: Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore, Delivered by: EdX.
- 2. *Economics of Money and Banking,* Created by: Columbia University, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: Perry G Mehrling.

Semester I

19CCMC102: ADVANCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To provide an in depth knowledge in Partnership accounts

LO2: To foster analytical thinking and the use of related areas of accounting viz., branch and departmental accounting

LO3: To impart knowledge in recent trends in specialized accounting.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Solve the problems of partnership accounts relating to Admission of partner

CO2: Solve the problems of partnership accounts relating to Dissolution and Sale of Partnership

CO3: Practice accounting problems relating to Branch and Departmental Accounts

CO4: Solve the accounting problems relating to Hire Purchase and Installment System

CO5: Understand emerging areas in Specialized Accounting

Unit I: Partnership Accounts - Admission, Retirement and Death of Partner

Partnership accounts - Division of profits - past adjustments and guarantee - Admission, Retirement and Death of a Partner - Intangible assets and Goodwill - Accounting Treatment.

Unit II: Partnership Accounts -Dissolution and Sale of Partnership

Dissolution – Insolvency of Partners – Rule in Garner Vs. Murray – Piecemeal Distribution – Sale of a Partnership Firm to a company.

Unit III: Hire Purchase and Installment System

Hire purchase system – Default in payment of Installment- Partly and Complete Repossession of Stock – Accounting Procedures - Hire purchase trading A/c – Stock and Debtors System – Installment system

Unit IV: Branch and Departmental Accounts

Branch accounts – Dependent Branches – Stock and Debtors System – Independent branches – Wholesale Branch system – Foreign Branch – Departmental Accounts- Inter-Departmental transfer – Treatment of unrealized profit

Unit V: Responsibility Accounting and Financial Reporting

Concept and Need for Responsibility Accounting - Responsibility Accounting - Human Resource Accounting. Financial Reporting - Annual reports - Half yearly report - Content of Annual Reports Disciplines in Financial Reporting

Recent Trends in Financial Accounting

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Financial Accounting to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Note: Question Paper shall cover 20%Theory and 80% Problems.

Text Books:

- 1. Gupta R.L and Radhasamy, 2015, Advanced Accounting, S.Chand and Sons Publishes r, New Delhi.
- 2. Shukla M. C., T. S. Grewal 2015, Advanced Accounts, 2015, S. Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi
- 3. Jain S.P and Narrang KL 2017, Advanced Accountancy I and II Kalyani Publishers Ludhiana

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Charumathi, B.N. Vinayakam, 2015, Financial Accounting, S. Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Battacharyya, S.K. 2015, Accounting for Management, Vikas Publication, New Delhi
- 3. Jawahar Lal and Seema Srivastava, 2016, Financial Accounting (Principles and Practices), S. Chand Publishers, New Delhi
- 4. Pillai R.S.N Bagavathi and S.Uma, 2015, Fundamentals of Advanced Accounting Financial Accounting, S.Chand and Sons Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. ReddyT.S and Murthy. A 2016, Financial Accounting Margham Publications Chennai

Outcome Mapping

	Oute	OIIIC	Mapp	<u>9</u>														
CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	P 0 11	P O 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	М					L	М							S				
CO2	S						М							L				
CO3	М					М	М							М				
CO4	М						М							L				
CO5	S					М	М	L	S		S			М				

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

SUGGESTED MOOC COURSES:

- 1. Financial Accounting: Advanced Topics (Coursera), Created by: University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: OktayUrcan.
- 2. Financial Accounting: Foundations (Coursera), Created by: University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: OktayUrcan.

Semester I

19CCMC103: BANKING AND INSURANCE

Credits: 4 Hours: 60

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To impart the students to have a deep knowledge in the functioning of commercial banks

LO2: To make the students to comprehend the general principles of contract of insurance and other forms of insurance.

LO3: To impart the students to master over the provisions of banking instruments.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of banking and Insurance.

CO2: Recall the role of commercial banks in Economic Development.

CO3: Master over the provisions of banking instruments.

CO4: Understand the applicability of various types of policies.

CO5: Recognize the fundamental principles of general insurance.

Unit I: Banking Functionary Services

Commercial Banks - Functions – services – mechanism of Credit creation; merchant banking – virtual banking – Central banking – Functions – Credit controlling mechanism.

Unit II: Commercial Banks Role on Economic Development

Industrial and priority sectors lending – policies term lending, industrial priority sector lending. Rehabilitation of small sick units, guidelines for priority sector lending commercial bank role in SME - micro credit.

Unit III: Instruments in Banking

Negotiable Instruments-Features-Types of Cheques-Draft-Promissory notes-Other type of Banking Institutions.

Debit card and Credit card-Smart card-Endorsements-Types

Unit IV: Insurance and Function

Definition - Importance, Introduction - General Principles of insurance contract - Life insurance Vs other forms of insurance - various plans and claim settlement - recent development in life insurance.

Unit V: General Insurance Policies

Features of marine insurance, types of marine policies, marine clauses – marine losses, Features of fire insurance, insurable interest – types of fire insurance policies.

Recent Trends in Banking and Insurance

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Banking and Insurance to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Mishra, M.N., S.B.Mishra, 2015, Insurance Principles and Practice, S. Chand and Sons PVT Ltd, Ram Nagar, New Delhi
- 2. Murhty, A. 2017, Principles and Practices of Insurance Margam Publication, Chennai
- 3. Gorden Nataraj, 2016 Banking Himalaya Publication, New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Shekhar K.C., Lekshmy Shekhar, 2017, Banking Theory and Practice, Vikas Publishing Houses Pvt Ltd., Chennai
- 2. Ramachandran R. 2015, Banking Theory and Practices MJP Publishers, 5, Muthu Kalathy Street, Triplicane, Chennai 5.
- 3. Sundaram, KPM, E.N.Sundaram, 2016, Modern Banking Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- **4.** Gupta, P.K., 2016, Insurance and Risk Management Himalaya Publishing House, Girgaon Mumbai.
- 5. Premkumar Srivatsava 2017, Banking Law and Practice, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

Outcome Mapping

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	P O 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1		М											М	L				
CO2									S			L	М					
CO3			М										М					
CO4											М		L					
CO5											М		S	М				

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

SUGGESTED MOOC COURSES:

- 1. **Just Money: Banking as if Society Mattered (edX),** Created by: MIT and MITx Delivered by EdX, Taught by: Alice Maggio, J. Phillip Thompson, KatrinKaeufer, Lafayette Cruise and Lily Steponaitis.
- 2. *Economics of Money and Banking,* Created by: Columbia University, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: Perry G Mehrling.

Semester I

19CCMC104: DIGITAL MARKETING

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to recognize the changing dimensions of digital Marketing

LO2: To inculcate the students about the significance of digital marketing mix.

LO3: To educate the students to understand the significance of online Advertising

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Recognize the changing dimensions of digital marketing.

CO2: Understand the forces behind the digital marketing

CO3: Recognize the significance of digital marketing mix

CO4: Discriminate various models of digital marketing

CO5: Understand the significance of online advertising

Unit I: Introduction to Digital Marketing

Marketing in the Digital Era- Traditional Marketing & Digital Marketing – E Concepts'-business- E-Commerce – M-Commerce-U- Commerce – S- Commerce – Meaning and its features – Digital Marketing- Meaning and Definition – Factors Influencing Digital Marketing - Digital Marketing Applications, Benefit, Opportunities and Challenges

Unit II: Digital Marketing Environment and Strategy

Digital Consumer– Impact of Digital Technology on Consumer Behaviour – Attributes of online buying Behaviour-Digital Marketing Strategy Framework and plan - ASCOR-AIDA(R) and (P) REAN / RACE Model for Digital Marketing Strategy

Unit III: Digital Marketing Mix

Customer Development Strategy- Segmentation, Targeting, Positioning (STP 2.0)-Porter's Five Force Model -Brand/ Perceptual Positioning-Boston Consulting Group (BCG) Matrix- Digital Marketing Mix- Elements –Digital Product/ Offering Mix-Digital Pricing-Factors impacting Pricing in Digital Space-Extended Marketing Mix.

Unit IV: Digital Communication & Channel Mix

Concepts-Offline Media and Digital Media- Paid, owned and Earned Media - Search Engine Marketing-Search Engine - Meaning-Importance-Search Engine Marketing-Meaning & Importance- Keyword research- Search Engine optminisation - on page and off page optminisation -Factors influencing- Search Engine Marketing -Email Marketing-Meaning & Significance-E-mail Marketing Strategy.

Unit V: Social Media Marketing and Digital Analytics

Social Media Marketing -Meaning -Uses-opportunities- e-word of mouth in Social Media Social Media platforms-Face book, Twitter & YouTube. Mobile Marketing -Meaning & It Application-Digital Marketing Metrics & Measurements-Key Performance Indicators - Meaning ROI, CTR,PPC,CPL-Legal and Ethical Aspects.

Recent Trends in Digital Marketing

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Digital Marketing to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Vandana Ahuja Digital Marketing 2017, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 2. Damian Ryan.Calvin Jones2016, Understanding Digital Marketing: Marketing Strategies for engaging the Digital Generation Great Britain and the United States, Kogan Page Limited, USA
- 3. Charles F. Hofacker 2018, Digital Marketing Communicating, Selling and Connecting Edward Elgar Publishing Limited, UK

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Simon Kingsnorth 2016, Digital Marketing Strategy: An Integrated Approach to Online Marketing Great Britain and the United States, Kogan Page Limited, USA
- 2. Annmarie Hanlon 2016, Digital Marketing Strategic Planning and Integration Sage Publications New Delhi
- 3. Drayton Bird, 2017, Commonsense Direct and Digital Marketing Great Britain and the United States, Kogan Page Limited, USA
- 4. Marjolein Visser, Berend Sikkenga, Mike Berry 2018, Digital Marketing Fundamentals Wolters- Noordhoff B.V USA
- 5. Travis Wright, Chris 2016, Digital Sense . Wiley Publishers U.S.A

Outcome Mapping

CO/	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS							
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	О3	04	O 5	O6
CO1			L	М				L	М		М	М	L		S			М
CO2		М		М			М		М				М		L			
CO3							М		L				М					
CO4				М		L							S		S	М		М
CO5	М			М			М	S	S				S					

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester II

19CCMC201: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

- **LO1:** To enable the students to have a thorough understanding of changing role of HRM in global and Indian perspective.
- **LO2:** To disseminate the students about various methods of recruitment, training and performance appraisal techniques
- **LO3:** To impart the students to gain expert knowledge of various theories of motivation and human resource audit.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- **CO1:** Comprehend the fundamentals of Human Resource Management
- **CO2:** Compute job analysis report and be able to develop job description and job Specification.
- **CO3:** Describe the various motivational applications in practice
- **CO4:** Explain performance appraisal techniques and able to prepare performance appraisal forms
- **CO5:** Develop human resource audit plan and conduct HR audit.

Unit I: Introduction to Human Resource Management

HRM Concepts – Significance- Scope –Nature of human resource management – Features of HRM – Personal Management Vs HRM, Functions of HRM-Competencies of HR manager- Employer Identifying – and competency mapping – Changing role of HRM - Global and Indian scenario.

Unit II: HR Planning & Job Analysis

Importance of HR planning- Characteristics of HR planning – Factors influencing HR planning Levels – Process in HR planning – HR – Format System – Job analysis – Job description – Job designation.

Unit III: Human Resource Development

Recruitment – Factors – Recruitment Policy- Recruitment process – Sources of recruitment – selection – Concept – Selection Strategies – Selection Tests – Interview – Process- Types – Training- Features- Process- Various methods of Training.

Unit IV: Performance Appraisal and Compensation Management

Concept – Scope – Significance – Objectives- Traditional and Modern methods of appraisal – MBO – 360 degree appraisal – developing carriers- talent management-Compensation – Job evaluation – Methods – Compensation management and compensation plan – Wage – Wage structure – Methods of Wage payment.

Unit V: Motivation

Meaning – Nature – Significance – All Theories of Motivation – Approaches to Motivation – Motivational Applications – Human Resource Audit – Meaning – Objectives – Quantitative indicators – HR Audit Plan.

Recent Trends in Human Resource Management

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Human Resource Management to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Prasad, L M, 2017, Human Resource Management, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 2. Aswathappa, K , 2017, Human Resource Management, 6(e)Tata McGraw Hill Education PVT Ltd. New Delhi.
- **3.** Sundar K Srinivasan J 2018, Human Resource Management Vijay Nicole Imprints (P) Ltd, Chennai.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Gary Dessler, Biju Varkkey 2017, Human Resource Management Pearson Education India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Rao, VSP 2018, Human Resource Management-Text and Cases, 3(e) Excel Books, New Delhi.
- **3.** Narayan B,2016, Human Resource Management, APH Publishing Corporation, Ansari Road, Darya Ganj, New Delhi.
- Jayant Mukherjee , 2017, Designing Human Resource Management Systems-A Leader's guide, SAGE Response, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road, New Delhi.
- 5. Jaya Bharathi, S., Raju.T, 2017 ,Human Resource Management , Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Outcome Mapping

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1		М								S			L					
CO2		М			L	L		S		S			М			М		
CO3		М				М			L	М	М							
CO4			М	М									S			М		S
CO5		М						S					М					

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester II

19CCMC202: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to grasp principles and techniques of financial management

LO2: To impart the students to understand the significance and application of cost of capital and capital structure theories

LO3: To impart the students to gain expert knowledge of dividend policy and working capital management

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Appraise the basic components of financial management

CO2: Gain expert knowledge on calculating various techniques of capital budgeting.

CO3: Generate and manage funds while undertaking any business venture.

CO4: Gain expert knowledge in dividend decisions.

CO5: Understand the computations and techniques of working capital.

Unit I: Financial Management an Introduction

Nature and scope of financial management – objectives – Financial decisions _ Relationship between Risk and Return – Role and functions of financial manager – Time value of money – concept of value and return.

Unit II: Cost of Capital and Capital Budgeting

Cost of Capital – Meaning and importance – Cost of debt, preference, equity and retained earnings – weighted average cost of capital – capital budgeting – Techniques – Traditional Methods - payback period and ARR - Discounted cash flow Technique – NPA, PI and IRR – Risk Analysis in Capital Budgeting.

Unit III: Financial Leverage & Capital Structure Theories

Financial leverage –measures – EBIT, EPS Analysis – operating leverage –financial -business and operating risks – Theories of capital structure – net income approach – Net – operating income Approach. MM Hypothesis – Determinants of capital structure; Leasing – Nature & Types of leasing –Advantages and disadvantages of leasing

Unit IV : Dividend Policy

Dividend Theories – Walter's model – Gordon and MM's models – Dividend policy – forms of Dividend – Determinants of dividend policy

Unit V: Working Capital

Management of working capital – concept – importance – Determinants and computation of working capital – Management of cash, inventory and receivables.

Recent Trends in Financial Management

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Financial Management to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Note: Question Paper shall cover 80% theory and 20% Problem in Capital Budgeting

Text Books:

- 1. Prasanna Chandra, 2018, Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, Noida,
- 2. Maheswari S.N 2017, Financial Management, S. Chand and Sons Publisher, New Delhi. Khan M Y and P K Jain 2018, Basic Financial Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Gitman L.J and Manickam. M, 2018, Principles of Managerial Finance, Pearson Education, New York
- 2. Pandey I.M. 2017, Financial Management, Vikas Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Khan and Jain, 2017, Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, Noida,
- 4. Sharma Shashi R.K & Gupta K 2017, Financial Management, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana
- 5. Murthy A. 2017, Financial Management, Margham Publishers, Chennai

Outcome Mapping

CO/	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS							
РО	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O 5	06
CO1									М			L				L		
CO2	М										М					М		
СОЗ	S					L	S		М				М					
CO4									М		М		М			М		
CO5						М	М						М			М		

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

SUGGESTED MOOC COURSES:

- Corporate Financial Decision-Making for Value Creation (Coursera), Created by: University of Melbourne, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: Paul Kofman Sean Pinder.
- 2. **Corporate Finance Essentials** (Coursera), Created by: IESE Business School, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: Javier Estrada.

Semester II

19CCMC203: BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS

Credits: 4 Hours: 60

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To train the students to acquire foundational understanding of conducting business research

LO2: To impart the students to have a sound knowledge of sampling design, data collection methods and analysis of data

LO3: To inculcate the students to learn the best practice of report writing

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Describe the objectives and types of research

CO2: Construct good research design.

CO3: Understand the significance and process of Business research

CO4: Have an insight into the sampling techniques and develop sampling plan

CO5: Analyze and interpret the data and write the research report

Unit I: Introduction to Research

Concept of Research, Social and Business Research-Objectives of Research – Significance – Types of Business Research – Steps inBusiness Research process - Identification of Research Problem–Literature survey – steps in literature review process – identification of Research Gap - Formulation of objectives and Hypothesis.

Unit II: Research and Sample Design

Research Design: Meaning– Features of good Design – Types of research Design. Sample Design: Census and Sample Survey – Steps in sample Design - Types of Sample Designs – Probability and non-probability sampling techniques

Unit III: Data Collection and Measurement of Scales

Meaning of Data - Classification of Data - Primary Data and Secondary Data - Method of Data Collection - Observation - Interview Tools - Questionnaires and schedules - collection of Secondary data-Scaling Technique - Types of Scales.

Unit IV: Processing and Analysis of Data

Date processing operations – Editing, Coding, Classifying and tabulation – Analysis of data –Application of Statistics in research : Descriptive statistics – Inferential analysis – Hypothesis testing – Meaning – Characteristics – Types of Hypothesis - steps in Testing of Hypotheses - Mean Difference and relationship testing

Unit V: Interpretation and Report writing

Interpretation: Meaning – Need for interpretation – Techniques of Interpretation – precautions. Report Writing: Meaning – Significance –Types of Report – Layout and mechanics of the research report writing– Footnotes, endnote and Citations- Bibliography. Blooms Taxonomy as related to Commerce education.

Recent Trends in Business Research

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Business Research to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Anusree, M., Mohapatra, S., and Sreejesh, S. 2017, Business Research Methods An Applied Orientation. Springer International Publishing. New Delhi
- 2. Kothari, C. 2018 ,Research Methodology Methods and Techniques. New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi
- 3. Kumar, R. 2017,Research Methodology A step-by Step Guide for Beginners SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd..New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Creswell, J. 2017, Research Design Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches. New Delhi: SAGE Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Neuman, W. 2014, Social Research Methods Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. Harlow, Essex: Pearson Education Limited.
- 3. Walliman, N. 2018, Research Methods The basics. New York: Routledge.
- 4. Zikmund, W. G. 2017, Business Research Methods Cengage Learning India Private Limited. New Delhi
- 5. Panneerselvam, R. 2018,Research Methodology: Prentice-Hall of India Private Limted. New Delhi

Outcome Mapping

				<u> </u>														
CO/	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O 3	04	O5	O6
CO1	М		S	М	S	М			М			М				М		
CO2	S				М	М										L		
CO3					L			L					М			S		
CO4					S											L		
CO5	М		М	М	М	М		S	М				М			М		

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

SUGGESTED MOOC COURSES:

- 1. *Understanding Research Methods*, Created by: University of London, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by: J.SimonRofe and Yenne Lee.
- 2. *Mastering Data Analysis in Excel*, Created by: Duke University, Delivered by: Coursera, Taught by Daniel Egger and Jana Schaich Borg.

Semester II

19CCMC204: BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enables the students to understand the role of business analytics in business data processing

LO2: To impart the students to gain knowledge of application of information technology in the core Business process

LO3: To equip the students with big data application in business intelligence

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the language of business analytics, theory and models in the field of business analytics

CO2: Perceive skills on data analytics and its application

CO3: Gain expert knowledge in data integration technology

CO4: Analyze different types of digital data, use of appropriate models for analysis and derive insights from results

CO5: Equip with key analytical tools and techniques of business intelligence

Unit I: Introduction to Business Analytics

Business Analysis-Different Levels - Business Analyst- Role of Business Analyst - Basic rules-Requirements and Tasks performed by Business Analyst –Project Definition and Scoping –Project phases and approaches – Role of Business Analyst across the project Life cycle.

Unit II: Information Technology Applications

Core business Process – Baldrige Business Excellence framework-Key purpose of using IT in Business – Enterprise Applications – Information users and their requirements – Data-Types- Attributes and Measurement-Types of data sets-Data quality-Types of Digital Data.

Unit III: Introduction to OLTP and OLAP

Introduction to OLTP and OLAP – Different OLAP Architectures-Data Models-Tools in Business Intelligence-Role of DSS, EIS,MIS and digital Dash boards – Need for Business Intelligence- Business Intelligence value chain-Components-applications-roles and responsibilities.

Unit IV: Data Integration

Data Integration-Data Warehouse-Goals-Data Sources- Data Integration Technologies-Data Quality maintenance-Data profiling-Data modeling-Types and Techniques-Fact table-Dimension Table-Typical Dimensional Models-Life cycle-Designing..

Unit V: Performance and Measurement System Terminology

Performance and Measurement System terminology- Role of Metrics –Supply Chain-Fact based decision making and KPIS use of KPIS-Potential source for metrics-Enterprise Reporting –Report Standardization –Balanced score card Scoreboards Vs Dashboards-Business Intelligence in Real world- Mobility-Cloud computing.

Recent Trends in Business Analytics

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Business Analytics to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Edward Mize 2017, Data Analysis, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform
- 2. Seema Acharya R.N. Prasad 2016, Fundamentals of Business Analysis Wiley
- 3. Pang Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Anuj Karpatne and Vipin Kumar 2018, Pearson Publishers .

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Paul Turner 2018, Business Analysis Techniques, International Institute of Business Analyst, London
- 2. Howard Podeswa 2017, Handbook of Business Analyst, outskirts Press, London
- 3. Debra Paul, Lynda Girvan 2018, Business Analyst, BCS Learning and Development Limited, New Delhi.

Outcome Mapping

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS 01	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	S	M		S			-								S		М	
CO2		М		М											М		S	
CO3				S					М			М			L		М	
CO4				М											М		L	
CO5	S		М	L					М			L			L		М	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester III

19CCMC301: CO-OPERATION IN INDIA

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To make the students gain expert knowledge in Co-operative movement in India

LO2: To impart the students to comprehend the need and importance of co-operative education and training

LO3: To enable the students to understand various committees recommendations for the betterment of Indian co-operatives

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the Significance of Principles and Practice of Cooperation in India.

CO2: Discuss and recall the Importance of Cooperative Education and Training in this present condition.

CO3: Discuss the role of Government in the Promotion of Cooperatives through Apex Agricultural Institutions.

CO4: Understand the reasons for rural indebtedness and provide suitable solutions to minimize

CO5: Identify the significance of member economic participation in the co-operatives

Unit I: Origin and Concept of Co-operation

Definition of Co-operation – Features – Benefits of Co-operation – Co-operative Thought: Robert Owen, Dr.William King, Charles Fourier, Jawaharlal Nehru and Mahatma Gandhiji. Co-operative Principles: Rochdale Principles - Reformulated Principles by ICA.

Unit II: Co-operation and Other Forms of Organisations

Co-operation and Corporate concerns: Sole Trader, Partnership Firm and Joint Stock Company, Co-operation and Public Utility Concerns, Self-help Groups and Co-operative and JLG (Joint Liability Group) Comparison between Capitalism, Socialism – Cooperation in the middle way

Unit III: Development of Co-operation

Historical background – Development of Co-operation duringPre-independence Period and Post-independence Period: All India Rural Credit Survey Committee, All India Rural Credit Review Committee, Sivaraman Committee (CRAFICARD), Kushroo Committee and Report of Task Force on Co-operative Credit Structure (Vaidyanathan), Report of the High Powered Committee on Co-operatives – Findings and Recommendations

Unit IV: Co-operative Education and Training

Co-operative Extension, Co-operative Education and Training - Need and Importance - Institutions for Co-operative Education and Training in India - Role of National Co-operative Union of India (NCUI) - State Co-operative Union - Research in Co-operation - Programs and Policies for Member Education - Role of Women in Co-operatives.

Unit V: Role of Government and Apex Agricultural Institutions

Government Assistance to Co-operatives: Central and State Participation in Share Capital, Subsidies and Administrative Assistance - Role of National Bank for Agricultural and Rural Development (NABARD) - Reserve Bank of India (RBI) – International Co-operative Alliance(ICA) and its Functions

Recent Developments in Co-operation in India

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent developments in Co-operation in India to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Hajela T.N 2016 Co-operation-Principles, Problems and Practice, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Mathur B.S 2002 Co-operation in India, Sahitya Bhavan Publications, Agra, 2002
- 3. Bedi R.D 2000 Theory, History and Practice of Co-operation, Konark Publications, Agra.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Ravichandran K and Nakkiran S 2009 Co-operation: Theory and Practice, Abijit Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Krishnaswami O.R and Kulandaisamy V 2000 Co-operation: Concept and Theory, Arudra Academy, Coimbatore.
- **3.** Patnaik, Umesh, Roy and AnantaK 2002 Co-operation and Co-operative Management, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiyana.
- 4. Tripathy 2000 Co-operative for Rural Development, Tamil Nadu Book House, Chennai.
- 5. Sharada V 2000 The Theory of Co-operation, Himalaya Pub, Mumbai.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

- 1. Kushroo's Committee Report
- 2. Vaidhyanathan Committee Report
- 3. Committee and Commissions on Co-operation By Paranjothi

CO/	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS											
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O 5	O6
CO1	М	М	L						L	М		М			S	М	М	
CO2		М	S			L	L		М	S		М			S	S	М	
CO3		М	М			S	М			М					L	S	L	
CO4	М	М	S			S	L			S		L			М	L	М	
CO5		М	М		М	М	М		М	М		L			М	S	L	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CCMC302: CO-OPERATION IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To make the students know about the causes for success of co-operatives in foreign countries

LO2: To make the student to get practical knowledge in diary co-operatives

LO3: To motivate the students community to visit foreign co-operatives

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Acquire knowledge about success of Cooperative Movement in Foreign countries.

CO2: Appreciate the importance of Diary Cooperative in Denmark.

CO3: Understand the logic of Cooperative Movement in USA and Israel.

CO4: Evaluate the significance of consumer co-operative movement in England

CO5: Compare the strength and weakness between Indian Co-operatives and foreign Co-operatives

Unit I: Consumer Co-operative Movement in England

Introduction - Robert Owen, Dr.William King and Rochdale Pioneers - The Retail Stores, Co-operative Wholesale Society - The Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society, Co-operative Wholesale Society and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society a Comparative Study - Difficulties of the Co-operative Wholesale Movement. Co-operative consumer movement in Sweden: Feature - Constitution and working of Cooperative Forbundet (K.F).

Unit II: Credit Movement in German and Italy

Origin of Co-operative Movement; Raiffesien Societies, Schulze–Delitzsch Societies - Comparative Study of Raiffesien and Schulze Societies – First and Second World War and the Co-operative Movement - Development after the Second World War - Co-operation in Italy; Working of BancaPopularre (Peoples Bank), CasseRuralie (Rural Banks), Formation of Fascist National Organism of Co-operation (FNTE)

Unit III: Dairy Co-operatives in Denmark

Co-operative Dairies - Growth and Development - Factors Responsible for the Success of Co-operative Dairies - Co-operative Bacon and Egg Societies: Co-operative Cattle Societies - Characteristic Features of Danish Co-operative Movement - Difficulties for India in Adopting the Danish Model

Unit IV: Co-operative Movement in Israel

The Early Co-operative Groups - The Beginning of Co-operative Movement in Palestine - Co-operative Developments in Israel; Credit Co-operatives, Agricultural Co-operatives, Co-operative Housing, Workers Producers Transportation and Service Societies (WPTSS), Consumer Co-operatives – Features of the Co-operative Movement in Israel

Unit V: Co-operative Movement in U.S.A

The Origin – Rural Co-operative Movement, Urban Co-operative Movement; Consumers' Co-operatives, Service Co-operatives, Credit Unions, New Wave Co-operatives, Health Care Co-operatives – Chief Characteristics of the Co-operative Movement in U.S.A

Recent Developments in Co-operation in Foreign Countries

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent Developments in Co-operation in Foreign Countries to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Hajela.T.N, 2016 Co-operation Principles, Problems and Practice, Ane Books Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 2. Hajela.T.N, 2010 Co-operation Principles, Problems and Practice, Konark Publishing House, New Delhi,
- **3.** Onafowokan O, Oluyombo, 2012 Co-operative Finance in Developing Economics, Soma Prints Limited. Nigeria.
- **4.** Bedi R.D, Theory, 1996 History and Principles of Co-operation, Loyal Book Depot, Meerut.
- 5. Kulkarni, 2000 Theory and Practice of Co-operative in India and Abroad, Co-operative Books Depot, Mumbai

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Madan G.R, 1994 Co-operative Movement in India, Mittal Publications, New Delhi
- 2. Hajela T.N, 2010 Co-operation: Principles, Problems and Practice, Konark Publishing House, New Delhi,
- **3.** John Winfred and Kulandaiswami V 2000, History of Co-operative Thoughts, Rainbow Publications, Coimbatore,
- 4. Memoria C.B, 1973 Co-operation in India and Abroad, Kitab Mabal, Allahabad.
- 5. Krishnaswami O.R, 1999 Fundamentals of Co-operation, S.Chand and Sons, Delhi.

CO/	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS							
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O3	04	O 5	06
CO1	М	S	М						S	L		М			L	S	М	
CO2		S	М			М	L		S	М		S			М	L	L	
CO3		М	L			М	М			L		М			S	М	М	
CO4	S	М	L			S	L			L		L			L	L	S	
CO5			S		М	L	М		М	М		М			М	М	М	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CCMC303 CO-OPERATIVE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

- **LO1:** To enable the students to understand the level of availability of co-operative financial institution in India
- **LO2:** To make the students know the significance of non-agricultural credit co-operatives in India
- LO3: To enable the students to understand the importance of urban cooperatives in India

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- **CO1:** Appreciate the importance of Cooperative Financial Institutions and Agricultural Credit.
- CO2: Understand the significance of Long term Agricultural Credit Cooperatives in India
- **CO3:** Evaluate the Non-Agricultural Credit Cooperatives for the betterment of other than Agricultural Sectors Development.
- **CO4:** Compare the strength and weakness about Indian co-operatives with foreign co-operatives
- **CO5:** Compare and contrast the performance of urban and rural co-operative banks in India

Unit I: Introduction to Co-operative Financial Institutions

Rural Indebtedness – Causes and Effect – Sources of Rural Credit – Types – Institutional arrangements for Rural Credit through Cooperatives – Role of Cooperatives in the Promotion of Rural Economy – Structure of Credit Cooperatives

Unit II: Agricultural Credit Co-operatives (Short and Medium)

Primary Agricultural Cooperative Societies (PACS) – LAMPS – DCCBs – SCBs – Structure - Working – Lending Policy – Recoveries and Overdue Problems – Causes – Problems – Remedies – Recent development.

Unit III: Agricultural Credit Co-operatives (Long Term)

Need and Importance - Primary Co-operative Agricultural and Rural Development Banks (PCARDBs) - Sources of Funds - Objectives - Functions - Lending Procedures - State Cooperative Agricultural and Rural Development Bank (SCARDB), Objectives - Constitution - Functions - Diversified Lending - Over dues - Causes - Problems - Remedies

Unit IV: Non Agricultural Credit Co-operatives

Constitution and Functions of Urban Co-operative Banks – Constitutions – Objectives – Need and Importance - Functions - Employees Credit Co-operative Societies, Co-operative Housing Societies, Fisheries Co-operatives – Objectives – Functions - Problems

Unit V: Management of Cooperative Finance and Banking Institutions

Viability Norms – NPA – Recovery Procedures - Government Sponsored Schemes - Group Lending - Challenges before Cooperative Financial and Banking Institutions in the Globalised Economy – Institutional / Industrial Visit

Recent Developments in Co-operative Financial Institutions in India

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent Developments in Co-operative Financial Institutions in India to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Chouby B.N 1968 Cooperative Banking In India, Asia Publishing, Bombay.
- 2. Laud G.M 1956 Cooperative Banking In India, The Co-operators Book Depot, Bombay.
- 3. Nakkiran S. 1982 Agricultural Financing In India, Rainbow Publications, Coimbatore.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Ravichandran K 2000, Crop Loan system and Overdue, Spellbound Publication, Rohtak.
- 2. Ravichandran K and Nakkiran S 2009, Cooperative: Theory and Practice, Ability Publication, Delhi.

CO/	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS							
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O5	06
CO1	S	L							L	L		М			L	М	М	
CO2		М	L			М			М	М					М	S	М	
CO3	S	S	М			М	S			S					L	S	L	
CO4		L	S				S			L		L			М	S	М	
CO5	М		М		L		М		S	М		М			М	L	S	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CCMP304: INSTITUTIONAL TRAINING/ INTERNSHIP

Credits: 5

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to familiarize with institutional/industrial environment

LO2: To provide students an insight into the organizational structure of an institution /

LO3: To equip the students to gain practical knowledge on institution/industrial operations

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Familiar with institution/industrial environment

CO2: Understand the organizational structure of an institution/industry

CO3: Comprehend the institutional/industrial practices like, HR, Finance, Manufacturing

and Marketing

CO4: Gain practical knowledge on institutional/industrial operations

CO5: Integrate the theoretical knowledge with practical knowledge

CO/	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS											
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O 3	04	O5	O6
CO1		М	L		S	М	М	М			М		L	L	М	S		
CO2									М		М	М	М	L		S	L	
CO3		М		М		М	М	М					М	М		S	М	
CO4		М	L						L			М		М	М	М		
CO5		М						М	L			М	L	М	М	М		

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester IV

19CCMC401: CO-OPERATIVE MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students understand the need and importance of managerial functions relating to co-operative administration

LO2: To impart the structure of co-operative management

LO3: To make the students well acquainted with the importance of management of marketing co-operatives

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the Need and Importance of Managerial Functions Applied to Cooperatives and various levels of Administration in Cooperatives.

CO2: Understand the Management Information System and Professional Management for Cooperatives.

CO3: Appreciate the importance of Management of Marketing Cooperatives and its Operations.

CO4: Understand the significance of operational efficiency in the co-operative organization.

CO5: Evaluate the Management techniques used by the different types of co-operative organization

Unit I: Introduction to Co-operative Management

Co-operative Management - Meaning and Definition - Objectives - Features - Managerial Functions Applied to Co-operatives - Functional Areas of Management in Co-operatives.

Unit II: Structure of Co-operative Management

Co-operative Administration at State Level; Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Functional Registrars – District Level Administration – Institutional Administration; General Body; Notice, Quorum, Business Transactions of General Body – Executive Committee - Board of Directors

Unit III: Management of Co-operative Banking

Organizational Pattern – Raising Resources – Credit Planning, Business Development Planning – Structure of long term Credit – Lending Operation – Management Information System – Professional Management for Cooperatives – Meaning, Importance and Evaluation Criteria.

Unit IV: Management of Marketing Co-operatives

Organizational Structure – Economic Viability – Assembling and Buying – Outright Purchase – Commission Agency System – Pooling – Contract Buying – Product Development – Pricing – Sales Organization and promotion – Channels of Distribution

Unit V: Issues in Co-operative Management

Professionalization of Co-operative Management; Need for Professionalization, Issues in Professionalization - De-officialisation - Operational Efficiency - Co-operative Governance - Strategies for Development of Co-operatives in India

Recent Developments in Functional aspects of Co-operative Management

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent developments in functional aspects of Co-operative Management to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Hajela T.N 2016, Co-operation-Principles, Problems and Practice, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Goel, B.B 2000, Dynamics of Co-operative Administration, Deep and Deep Pub, New Delhi.
- **3.** Surjit Jikidar and AlokK. Pramanik, 2001 Accounting and Auditing, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Shah A.K, 2007, Professional Management for Co-operatives Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Nakkiran S, A 2002 Treatise on Co-operative Management, Rainbow Publications, Coimbatore.
- **3.** Kulandaiswami V, 2002 Text Book of Co-operative Management, Arudra Academy, Coimbatore.
- **4.** Taimini K.K, Managing the Co-operative Enterprise, Minerva Associations, ICA Domus Trust, New Delhi.
- 5. Kapoor D.R 2008 Handbook of Co-operative Audit, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

CO/	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS											
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O 5	O6
CO1	М	S	М		L	L	М	L	Ø	М	М	М				S	М	
CO2	S	М			М		М		М		М				L	S	L	
CO3	М	М			М				L		S	М			М	М	S	
CO4	S	L	L		S		L	М			М	L			М	М	L	
CO5	М	М	L		М		М			S	М	L			М	М	М	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester IV

19CCMC402: TAMILNADU CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES ACT 1983

Credits: 5 Hours: 75

Learning Objectives:

- **LO1:** To enable the students understand historical background about co-operative legislation in India
- **LO2:** To make the students to know about the formation procedures of a co-operative society in their area
- **LO3:** To educate the students understand the importance of membership qualities of co-operative societies

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the historical background of Cooperative Legislation and Procedures for Registration of a Cooperative Society.
- **CO2:** Evaluate the Qualification and Disqualification for Membership of Cooperative Societies and Rights, Duties and Liabilities of Members.
- CO3: Understand the significance of Supervision and Inspection and evaluate the causes for the Winding- up of Cooperative Societies.
- **CO4:** Evaluate the causes for winding up of co-operative societies
- **CO5:** Gain the knowledge about special features Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act and new Amendments

Unit I: History of Co-operative Legislation

History of Co-operative Legislation in India – Co-operative Credit Societies Act of 1904, Co-operative Societies Act of 1912 – Multi-state Co-operative Societies Act 2002; Applicability of the Act, Societies Which May be Registered, Bye-laws, Membership and Winding up

Unit II: Registration of Societies [Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act 1983

Registration; Conditions of Registration - Effects of Registration - Amendment of the By-laws of Registered Society - Powers of Registrar to Direct Amendment in Public Interest - Division and Amalgamation of Societies - Transfer of Assets and Liabilities of Societies

Unit III: Membership and Management

Membership – Types of Membership - Qualifications, Associate Members, Disqualifications for Membership of Societies - Rights of Members to the Services - Duties and Liabilities, Liability of Past Member or of the Estate of a Deceased Member – General Meetings, Constitution and Meetings of the Board; Disqualification for Membership of Board **Unit IV: Supervision and Inspection**

Co-operative Audit; Distinction between Co-operative Audit and Company Audit – Inquiry - Inspection and Investigation - Inspection of Books By Financing bank – Surcharge - Supersession of Board

Unit V: Winding-up of Societies

Winding-up of Registered Societies – Liquidator; Powers – Cancellation of Registration - Bar of Legal Proceedings, and Restoration of Society ordered to be wound up – Co-operative Tribunal – Appeal - Revision and Review

Latest Amendments in TAMIL NADU CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES ACT 1983

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on the latest Amendments in Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Act 1983 to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Arul Selvam M, 2017 Tamil Nadu Co-operative Manual, Malathi Publications, Chennai.
- 2. Government of Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies act of 1983, Tamil Nadu Co-operative Union, Chennai.
- 3. Goel B.B, 2013 Co-operative Legislation Trends and Dimensions, Deep and Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Weerman P.E, 1994 Model Co-operative Societies Law with The Authors Commentary, ICA. New Delhi.
- 2. Kapoor N.D, and Rajni Abi, 2010 General Laws and Procedures, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
- 3. Calvert H, 1959 The Law and Principles of Co-operation, Thacker Spink, Calcutta
- 4. Government of Tamil Nadu Co-operative Societies Rules of 1988
- 5. Government of India, Multi Unit Co-operative Societies Act, 2002

Committee Reports:

- 1. Government of India, Report of the Committee on "Model Co-operative Act-1991", Planning Commission, New Delhi
- 2. Government of India Report of the Committee on "Co-operative Law 1987"
- 3. 97th Amendment, Government of India, 2011.

CO/	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS											
РО	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O 5	O6
CO1	М	М	М		М	М	S		М	М		S			S	L	М	
CO2		М	L			L			М	М		S				М	М	
СОЗ			М		М		М		L	L		L				М		
CO4		L	S			L				М		L			М	L	М	
CO5	S	М	М			М				М		М						

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester IV

19CCMC403: CO-OPERATIVE SERVICE INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA

Credits: 4 Hours: 60

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To impart the students gain knowledge about availability of co-operative service institution in India

LO2: To make the students understand the differences between co-operative marketing system with general marketing system

LO3: To enable the students know the significance of diary co-operatives in India

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the Need and Importance of Two -Tier Marketing Co-operatives and Three -Tier Diary Co-operatives in India.

CO2: Appreciate the significance of Consumer Co-operatives and Industrial and Processing Cooperatives in India.

CO3: Understand the working and Present Position of various Service Cooperatives in India

CO4: Motivate the student's community to start MSME through co-operative sectors

CO5: Enhance the knowledge towards the role of co-operative service institutions in the development of rural and urban areas

Unit I: Marketing Co-operatives

Origin and Development of Cooperative Marketing in India – Need and Importance - Primary and Apex Cooperatives Marketing Societies in India - Various Forms of Assistance Available from Government and NCDC - Regulated Markets – Problems of Marketing Cooperatives.

Unit II: Dairy Co-operatives

Place of Dray in the Indian National Economy - Structure of Dairy Cooperatives – Members Participation – Need and Importance - Functions of National Dairy Cooperative Federation - State Cooperative Milk Producers Federation - District Cooperative Milk Producer Unit.

Unit III: Consumer Co-operatives

Meaning and Concept - Need and Importance - Origin and Development - Structure and Working - Primary, Central and Apex Consumer Cooperatives- NCCF - Supermarket - Recent Development

Unit IV: Industrial and Processing Co-operatives

Origin, Types and Development of Industrial Co-operatives in India - Processing Cooperatives - Need and Importance of Spinning Mill - Sugar Factories - Problems

Unit V: Other Co-operatives

Labour Contract Societies -Cooperative Printing Press - Cooperative Hospital - Cooperative Publishers and College - Irrigation Societies, Working and Present Position in India – Institutional / Industrial Visit

Recent Developments in Co-operative Service Institutions in India

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent Developments in Co-operative Service Institutions in India to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Hajela, TN., 2010 Co-operation: Principles, Problems and Practice, Konark Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Kamat G.S 1986, Managing Co-operative Marketing, Himalaya, Bombay.
- **3.** Kulandaiswamy, V 1986, Co-operative Dairying in India, Rainbow Publication, Coimbatore.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Mahajan K.A 1993, Co-operative Marketing, Anmol Publication Pvt Ltd., New Delhi
- 2. Rayudu, C.S 1992, Industrial Cooperative, Northern Book Centre, New Delhi.

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CO/ PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO 5	PO 6	PO	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
PU			3	4) j	0	<i>'</i>	0	7	10	11	14	O I	UZ	US	04	US	00
CO1	М	М			М			М	М			L			М	L	М	
CO2		S			L							S			L	М	S	
CO3	L	S			М	S		М				М			L	М	L	
CO4		S			М				М			М			М	S	S	
CO5	S	М			М		М					S			М	М	М	

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester IV

19CCMP404: PROJECT AND VIVA VOCE

Credits: 8

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to gain practical exposure to working of various types of co-operative institutions

LO2: To equip the students themselves with the skills of organizing and running the business through co-operative models

LO3: To engage the students themselves with the day to day working problems of co-operatives and to gain knowledge based experience to resolve such problems

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the working procedure of co-operative institutions on democratic basis

CO2: Assess the performance of ongoing co-operative institutions

CO3: Organize local specific co-operative institutions of their choice themselves

CO4: Audit the working and performance of co-operative institutions

CO5: Recommend suggestions for better performance of co-operative institutions

CO/	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS											
PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3	04	O5	O6
CO1	S	М			М			М			М	S	М	М	М	S		
CO2	S	М	L		М			М				L	М	М		L	L	
CO3					L		М		S		М	S	М	S		М	L	
CO4					М						L	М		L	М	L		
CO5	М	М	М		L			L		М	М	М	L	М	L	S		

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Elective Courses Department Electives (DE)

S. No	Course	Course Title	Hours/ week	С		Marks	•
NO	Code		L		CIA	ESE	Total
1.	19CODE205	Corporate Social Responsibility	3	3	25	75	100
2.	19CODE206	International Finance and Foreign Exchange	3	3	25	75	100
3.	19CODE207	International Logistics Management	3	3	25	75	100
4.	19CODE305	Goods and Services Tax	3	3	25	75	100
5.	19CODE306	Marketing of Financial Services	3	3	25	75	100
6.	19CODE307	Project Finance and Management	3	3	25	75	100

19CODE205: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to understand the meaning and concept of Corporate Social responsibility

LO2: To enable the students to understand the preparation of Customer Relationship Reports

LO3: To impart the students to gain knowledge on principles and practice of CSR in Indian context

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Gain all essential and fundamental knowledge on the principles and practices of CSR in India.

CO2: Enhance the skill of implementing the CSR in their own enterprises as and when

CO3: Augment the skill to bring up their start-ups.

CO4: Evaluate CSR activities

CO5: Tackle various issues relating to CSR audit

Unit I: Meaning of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Meaning and Definition of CSR - - Principles of CSR - CSR and Corporate Governance - Drivers of CSR - Concept of Charity- Corporate Citizenship -Corporate Philanthropy.

Unit II: CSR Policy under Sec. 135 of the Companies Act 2013

CSR Policy - Constitution of CSR committee and its composition - CSR Design - CSR Budget -Implementation of CSR - CSR Process - CSR Activities - Provision of CSR in Companies Act, 2013

Unit III: CSR Activities

Meeting of the CSR Committee - Preparation of CSR Report - Placing CSR Report in Board meeting - Board's responsibility towards CSR - CSR project management approach - Evaluation of CSR projects –

Unit IV: Evaluation of CSR Activities

Internal Monitoring and Evaluation of CSR Activities - External Monitoring and Evaluation of CSR Activities; - CSR Committee and Board level review of CSR performance - CSR Reporting

Unit V: Audit and Standards CSR

CSR Audit; various issues relating to CSR Audit - Sustainability of CSR Audit - benefits of CSR audit - CSR Ratings, CSR awards. Social Accountability 8000(SA8000) - Indian Standard Organization (ISO-26000-2010).

Recent Trends in Corporate Social Responsibility

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Corporate Social Responsibility to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Sanjay K. Agarwal 2017, Corporate Social Responsibility in India Sage Publications New Delhi.
- 2. Nancy Lee and Philip Kotler 2017, Corporate social Responsibility: Doing the most Good for your company, John Wiley and Sons, USA
- 3. Wayne Visser 2018, CSR 2.0 Transforming Corporate Sustainability and Responsibility, Springer Science and Business Media, USA

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Mia Mahmudur Rahim 2015,Legal Regulation of Corporate Sustainability and Responsibility Springer Science and Business Media, USA
- 2. Christoper 2018, Sustainable Value: How the world's leading companies doing well by doing good Stanford University Press, USA
- 3. Ilangovan D and Durga Doss.R 2018, Corporate Governance An Insight, The United Publishers, Mangalore

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CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PS O6
CO1								S	М	М					М			
CO2		S				М									М			М
CO3							L		М		М	М			М			
CO4				L		М		S	М		М				М			М
CO5			М												М			М

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CODE206: INTERNATIONAL FINANCE AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to gain knowledge on international financial institutions and its Functions

LO2: To make the students to comprehend the foreign exchange dealings by commercial banks and RBI

LO3: To educate the students to understand and compute the exchange rates

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Appraise the fundamental knowledge on working of international financial Institutions in India.

CO2: Gain knowledge of role of international financial institutions like BIS and ADB

CO3: Monitor foreign exchange market movement

CO4: Recall the foreign exchange dealings by commercial banks and RBI.

CO5: Calculate and compute foreign exchange rates.

Unit I: Introduction

Significance and Importance of International Finance – Scope and Limitation – Foreign Aid – Indian Experience.

Unit II: International Financial Institutions

Organisation, Functions, Objective and working of International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Unit III: Regional Financial Institutions

Objectives and Functions of International Development Association, International Finance Corporation – The Bank for International Settlements (BIS) and Asian Development Bank (ADB).

Unit IV: Foreign Exchange

Foreign Exchange – Meaning and Definition –Foreign Exchange Market – Authorised Dealers – Money changers – Foreign Exchange Dealings by Commercial Bank and Reserve Bank of India

Unit V: Rate of Exchange

Introduction – Factors influencing exchange rates – Direct rate and Indirect Rate — Exchange arithmetic – Computation of exchange rates.

Recent Trends in International Finance and Foreign Exchange

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in International Finance and Foreign Exchange to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Note: Theory Questions Only

Text Books:

- 1. Alan C. Shapiro 2017, Multinational Financial Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Bhalla, V.K 2016 International Financial Management, Anmol Pub., New Delhi.
- 3. Keshkamat, V.V-2015, Foreign Exchange: A Introduction, Vivek Pub., Mumbai

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Balagopal, T.A.S 2016, Export Management, Himalaya Pub., Mumbai,
- 2. Buckly 2016 Multinational Finance, PHI, New Delhi.
- 3. Jeevanatham 2016, Foreign Exchange and Risk Management, Sultan Chand, New Delhi.
- **4.** Jeevanatham 2016, Foreign Exchange –Principles Practices and Control, Sultan Chand, and Sons, New Delhi.
- 5. Simha, SLN 2017, International Monetary Reforms, Vora and Co, Mumbai,

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1									М			М			М			
CO2											М				М			
CO3	М			М								М			S			
CO4									М			М			L			
CO5	S			М											М			

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CODE207: INTERNATIONAL LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To acquaint the students with basic knowledge of business logistics

LO2: To make the students to develop awareness about ocean transportation

LO3: To enable the students to acquire knowledge on inventory management

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the knowledge about the fundamentals and basic concepts of business logistics and supply chain

CO2: Enlighten with the knowledge freight structure and practices in shipping

CO3: Master over the procedure and principles of ocean transportation

CO4: Understand the applicability of inventory management and warehousing Functions

CO5: Apply the strategies for transportation and packaging

Unit I: Introduction to Business Logistics and Supply Chain

Business logistics and Supply Chain-Meaning-Importance-objectives and drivers Strategy-Planning selecting proper channel, Performance measurement-outsourcing-Make or Buy approach

Unit II: Structure of Shipping

Structure – Types of ships-Operating systems-Characteristics liner and tramp operators-code of conduct for liner conferences, freight structure and practices-chartering principles.

Unit III: Developments in Ocean Transportation

Containerization: CFS and inland container depots, Multi-model transportation and CONCOR – Role of intermediaries including fright Agents, shipping agents, Container Agents.

Unit IV: Inventory and Warehousing

Inventory-Objectives, Bullwhip effect, control-Probabilistic inventory models- Risk pooling-Vendor managed inventory-Warehousing functions

Unit V: Transportation and Packaging

Transportation-Drivers modes measures-Strategies for transportation, 3PL and 4PL., Vehicle routing and scheduling-Packaging-Design consideration material and cost-packing

Recent Trends in International Logistics

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in International Logistics Management to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Natarajan L 2017, Logistics Supply Chain Management, Margham Publications, Chennai.
- 2. Sunil Chopra and Petermeindi 2016, Supply Chain Management Strategy Planning and Operation PHI Learning, New Delhi
- **3.** Donold J Bolversox and Davis J.Closs 2016, Logistics Management: The Integrated Supply chain, Tata McGraw Hill., New Delhi.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Rahul V.Altekar, 2016, Supply Chain Management, PHI Learning, New Delhi
- 2. Ailawadi and Rakesh Singh 2016, Logistics Management PHI Learning, New Delhi
- **3.** Donold Waters and Palgrake 2016, Logistics: An Introduction to Supply Chain Management, Mac Millan, New Delhi
- **4.** Sarika Kulkarni and Ashok Sharma 2018, Supply Chain Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 5. Harold Dyckhoff and Springer 2017, Supply Chain Management and Reverse Logistics, International Edition, New Delhi

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	М	М						М	М			М			М			
CO2	М	М						L	М			М			L			
СОЗ	S	L		М				М	L			S			S			М
CO4	М	М						S	L			S			М			
CO5	М			М											М			

^{*} L - Low, **M** - Medium, **S** - Strong

19CODE305: GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to understand the basic concept of indirect tax

LO2: To provide the students basic knowledge of provisions of GST

LO3: To educate the students with registration process, returns and payment procedure of GST

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Comprehend the fundamentals of indirect tax and need for GST

CO2: Understand the structure of GST and their schemes in practice

CO3: Disseminate various modes of registration of GST

CO4: Familiarize with the adjustment of debit and credit notes

CO5: Understand and apply the e-filling of GST in practice

Unit I: Introduction to Goods and Services Tax

Indirect Taxes – Problems of Indirect taxes – Need for introduction of GST – Commodities kept out the preview of GST – Other indirect Taxes

.Unit II: Structure of GST

GST Structure – CGST –SGST- IGST – Futures – Exemptions – Schemes – Composition Schemes – Ordinary Scheme – GST Structured Rates

Unit III: GST Registration Process

Registration process in GST – Types – Compulsory Registration - Cancellation

Unit IV: Input Tax Credit

Input Tax Credit – Adjustment of Debit Notes and Credit Notes – Problems in Input Tax Credit

Unit V: Returns, Payments, Refund Process and Assessment

Process of Return Filing-Types of Returns - E-Ledger and E-Payment Process in GST- Assessment Methods - Refund under GST - Refund under Special Occasions - Authorities of GST

Amendments in Goods and Services Tax made from Time to Time

Faculty Member will impart the knowledge on the Amendments in Goods and Services Tax made from time to time, to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Balachandran V., 2018, Indirect Taxes, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
- Satrangi G .Goods and Services Tax Precept and Practice 2018, Centax Publications, New Delhi
- 3. Anandaday Mishra, 2017, GST Law and Procedure, Taxmann Publication, New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. C.A.Raj K. Agarwal, 2017, Taxation and Indirect Taxes, Taxmann Publication, New Delhi
- 2. V.S.Datey, 2017, Goods and Services Tax, Taxmann Publication, New Delhi
- **3.** Pullani and Maniyar, 2017, Goods and Services Tax, Law Journal, Bangalore Development Limited, New Delhi.

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PS O6
CO1												L	М	М				
CO2	S										М		L	L				
CO3													L	М				
CO4													S	М				
CO5			М	М									М	L				

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

19CODE306: MARKETING OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To acquaint the students with the concept and features of financial services.

LO2: To enable students to learn the concept of market segmentation and buyer behaviour.

LO3: To educate students with 7-Ps of services marketing mix.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Explain the concept and features of financial services

CO2: Gain knowledge on segmentation strategy of marketing

CO3: Understand the significance of customer loyalty and product life cycle

CO4: Explain price and promotion strategy and protection of corporate image.

CO5: Describe 3 -Ps of service marketing

Unit I: Marketing Concept in Financial Services

Services Marketing-Concept-Features of Services Marketing-Need for applying Marketing Concept in Financial Services – Customer Services in Financial Marketing.

.Unit II: Market Segmentation and Buyer Behaviour

Financial Services Marketing-Environment-Market Segmentation in Financial Market-Buyer Behaviour with reference to Financial Services.

Unit III: Marketing Mix - Product and Place

Marketing Mix in Financial Services Markets-Product Development-Product Life Cycle-Branding related to Financial Services-Customer Loyalty-Place related issues in financial services

Unit IV: Marketing Mix – Price and Promotion

Pricing of financial services- Methods-Promotional Mix-Financial Advertising-Role of media-Corporate image-Publicity-Sales Promotion-Service Guarantee and Assurance.

Unit V: Marketing Mix-People, Procedure and Physical Evidence

Internal Marketing-Personnel for Financial Services-TQM-Procedural issues in Financial Services- Role in Service Delivery-Physical evidence in Financial Services.

Recent Trends in Marketing of Financial Services

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Marketing of Financial Services to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Balachandran S 2017, Customer Services Management Response Books , New Delhi.
- 2. Chawla A.S and Others 2016, Indian Banking towards 21st Century, Deep and Deep Publications , New Delhi.
- 3. Jha S.M 2016, Services Marketing Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Rajeev Seth 2017, Marketing of Banking Services, MacMillan Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Roland T Rust 2016, Services Marketing Addison Wesley, New York
- 3. Balaji B 2017, Service Marketing and Management S. Chand and Co., New Delhi

	- Catoonic mapping																	
CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PSO 6
CO1		М	М			L	М						М		L			
CO2	S	L					М						L		М			
CO3						М		S	L				L					
CO4	S	М	М	L		М	М	М	М									
CO5		М					S		L		L		М		М			

^{*} L - Low, **M** - Medium, **S** - Strong

19CODE307: PROJECT FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Credits: 3 Hours: 45

Learning Objectives:

LO1: To enable the students to understand the need for innovative projects

LO2: To make the students to gain knowledge on Net Work Analysis of PERT and CPM methods

LO3: To gain expert knowledge on monitoring of cost control and evaluate the project performance

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Understand the role of project manager in establishing a New Project.

CO2: Evaluate the project feasibility study of new project in the market

CO3: Gain the knowledge of Net Work Analysis of PERT and CPM methods.

CO4: Determine the cost control methods in project.

CO5: Conduct performance appraisal of project report.

Unit I: Project an Introduction

Meaning and Definition of Project – Features – Establishing a New Project – Organisation – Innovative Projects – Need for Project Management – Duties and Responsibilities of a Project Manager.

Unit II: Project Feasibility Study

Project Feasibility Study – Market or Demand analysis –Technical and Financial Analysis of Projects.

Unit III: Net Work Analysis

Minimization of Cost and Time of Projects – Net Work Analysis – PERT – Methods – CPM methods – Details.

Unit IV: Project Cost Control

Project Cost Control – Cost forecasting – Monitoring and Control of Costs – Estimation techniques – Factorial, Man-hour, unit rate and operational cost estimation.

Unit V: Project performance

Project performance – Indicators – Review of Project performance – Benefits – Project report – Project failures – Precautions and Practical guidelines.

Recent Trends in Project Management

Faculty member will impart the knowledge on recent trends in Project Management to the students and these components will not cover in the examination.

Text Books:

- 1. Choudhury, S 2016, Project Management, Tata McGraw Hill Pub., New Delhi
- Kesava Rao, P.C 2017, Project Management and Control, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
- 3. Prasanna Chandra 2017, Project Preparation, Appraisal, Implementation, Tata McGraw Hill (P)., New Delhi.

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. Goel, BB 2017, Project Management: Principles and Techniques Deep and Deep Pub., New Delhi.
- 2. Harvey Maylor 2017, Project Management, MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
- **3.** John M. Nicholas- 2018, Project Management for Business Technology, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

CO/ PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1		L	М					М	М		М	М	М		М			
CO2	S		S	М			М	S	М				Г		L			
СОЗ	М				М	М	М	S					М		S			S
CO4	М					L							М		М			
CO5	М		М	L		L	М	М	L		L	S	М		L			М

^{*} L - Low, M - Medium, S - Strong

Semester IV

19IPSCI406: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Self Study Course Non Credit Course Hours: 30

Learning Objectives: Students will be able to

LO1: To understand the basic features of Indian Constitution.

LO2: To grasp about the basic Rights and Duties of Indian Citizenry.

LO3: To ponder over the form of Indian Political System.

LO4. To have broad understanding about the pivotal provisions related with liberty, Equality and fraternity.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

CO1: Imbibed with the basic features of Indian Political System

CO2: Enlighten themselves with the rights and duties of Indian Citizens

CO3: Understand the significance of rule of law.

CO4: Inculcated with basic liberties.

Unit I: Constitution of India – Basic Features and Fundamental Principles

Making of Indian Constitutional Law and Constitutionalism- Historical Perspective of the Constitution of India –Salient features and Characteristics of the Constitution of India.

Unit II: Fundamental Rights and Duties

Scheme of Fundamental Rights-The Scheme of Fundamental Duties and its legal status-The Directive Principles of State Policy – Its Importance and Implementation.

Unit III: Legislative and Financial Powers of States

Federal Structure and Distribution of Legislative and Financial powers between the Union and the States-Parliamentary form of Government of India- The Constitution powers and States of the President of India.

Unit IV: Constitutional Amendments in India

The Historical Perspectives of the Constitutional Amendments in India – Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule- Financial Emergency.

Unit V: Fundamental Rights

Schemes of the Fundamental Right to Equality – Scheme of the Fundamental Rights to certain Freedom under Article 19 – Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21.

Recent Discussions on Indian Constitution in the Indian Parliament

Faculty Member will impart the knowledge on the discussions made in the parliament impacting the Indian society on the Indian Constitution to the students.

Text Books:

- 1. Bipan Chandra, Mridula Mukherjee, Aditya Mukherjee 2016., India After Independence 1947- 2000, Penguin Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Durga Das Basu, 2018., Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Jogendra Yadav 2000, Transforming India: Dynamics of Democracy, Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Supplementary Readings:

- 1. The Constitution of India 1950 (Bare Act), Government of India Publications, New Delhi
- 2. Busi S.N Ambedkar B.R 2015, Framing of Indian Constitution, New Delhi
- 3. Jain M.P 2014 Indian Constitution Law, Lexis Nexis, London
- 4. Paul R. Brass 1999 The Politics of India Since Independence Cambridge University Press, London
- **5.** Granvila Austin 2006 The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.