



A State University Accredited withn “A” Grade by NAAC

FACULTY OF MARINE SCIENCES

Bachelor of Fisheries Sciences (B.F.Sc.)

DEGREE PROGRAMME

2016-2017

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

University website: www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in

This brochure of information and instruction to candidates is published for enlightening those who intend to apply for admission to Bachelor of Fisheries Sciences (B.F.Sc.) Degree Programme of the Annamalai University during 2016-2017.

The contents covered are subject to change from time to time and the University may make such changes without notice.

The University will provide additional information in response to enquiries from individuals and institutions.

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RAILWAY STATION

Chidambaram, S.Rly.

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1. ABOUT THE UNIVERSITY

Annamalai University, one of the largest unitary, teaching, and residential Universities in Southern Asia, was established and incorporated in the year 1929 as per the Annamalai University Act 1928 (Tamil Nadu Act 1 of 1929). Now, the Annamalai University Act, 1928 has been repealed and replaced by the Annamalai University Act 2013 (Tamil Nadu Act 20 of 2013). His Excellency the Governor of Tamil Nadu is the Chancellor of the University.

The University is located at Annamalainagar, adjacent to Chidambaram town, the abode of Lord Nataraja, the Cosmic Dancer. The sprawling and scenic campus, spread over an extensive area of about 800 acres has the Faculties of Arts, Science, Indian Languages, Engineering and Technology, Education, Fine Arts, Agriculture, Medicine, Dentistry and Marine Sciences.

This University has, since its inception, aimed at imparting education in all fields of knowledge to thousands of students from across the country and abroad. Located in a rural setting in coastal district of Cuddalore in Tamil Nadu, the University has played a pivotal role in providing access to higher education to thousands of youth from economically and socially disadvantaged classes. In this respect, this University's service to the nation is tremendous.

In past 86 years, the University has grown into a premier institution of higher learning and research. This is evident from the reports of Ministry of Science and Technology ("Measures of Performance of Universities in India: An analysis of the Publication Output in Science and Technology" published by CSIR – National Institute of Science Technology and Development Studies, New Delhi – 2011, p.102) that ranks Annamalai University in the ninth position within the top ten Universities, among 600 and odd Universities in India, regarding the overall science publication output. In respect of Environmental Science, the University is ranked second, in Energy fourth, in Engineering Sciences fifth and in Biological Sciences eighth.

The Scimago (Scopus) survey for ranking Universities, Educational Institutions and sponsoring agencies across the world has rated Annamalai University to be 22nd in India, next to DRDO (Defense Research and Development Organisation) and to be 7th among Indian Universities (Scimago Institutions Ranking Scimago Research Group, 2012. Data source: Scopus. <http://www.scimagoir.com>). The popular journal in India *careers 360* has ranked Annamalai University to be second among four star rated universities of Tamilnadu. This survey has only 10 Universities in India ranked above Annamalai University (India's Outstanding Universities, Careers 360 March, 2014. www.carreers360.com, p.16-19).

All the ten faculties enjoy reputation across the globe for their distinguished record of effective teaching at the higher level, continuing research and development of human resources. Numerous infrastructures have been created to cope up with the voluminous increase in enrolment of students in various on-campus programmes. New laboratory facilities in terms of space and equipment have been provided to cater to the needs of the learners and researchers. Video conferencing, Edusat, campuswide network with 1750 access points, high tech class rooms are some of the facilities added.

An Internal Quality Assurance Cell is in vogue to monitor the quality of academic results. The departments of study conduct national and international seminars, symposia, workshops and conferences to expose teachers and students of the University to world class teaching and research. Students Progression Cell has been created to coach students for taking Indian Civil Services Examinations. In keeping with the national policy of public health, the concept of 'No Smoking Zone' has been put into practice. A Student Welfare Cell, for on-campus students, has been set up to promote personality development.

With a view of preparing the students for a bright career and to impart right attitudes and specific skills, the placement cells are functioning in three different locations, one to cater the needs of the students of Faculty of Engineering & Technology, the second to cater the needs of the students of Faculty of Agriculture and the third, in the Department of Business Administration, for the students of Arts, Science, Education and Fine Arts. These cells advise students with regard to the choice of careers and higher studies. They help students to undergo in-plant training during semester holidays and also find suitable placement through campus interviews. Seminars and training Programmes on Entrepreneurial Development and Career Guidance are held periodically.

The 1200 bedded teaching hospital with a built-up area of about 6,00,000 sq.ft. provide basic as well as specialised healthcare services to various sections of the community in and around the campus.

Students can opt to enrol themselves in extracurricular activities such as NSS, NCC, Blue Ribbon club and YRC. A sports pavilion with modern infrastructure is available for the students.

The University Library named after the eminent scholar, statesman and former Vice-Chancellor Dr. Sir C.P. Ramaswami Aiyer, is a knowledge resource centre for the students and the staff. The Library is equipped with INTERNET connectivity and CD NETWORK station. Quite a good number of journals can be accessed through the Infonet facility. Science Direct is subscribed through which 340 journals can be accessed.

The University has Memorandum of Understanding with many foreign Universities on research collaboration and exchange of students and staff as well. There are sufficient numbers of hostels for the convenience of the students to pursue their studies on campus. Wi Fi facilities are available in the hostels.

FACULTY OF MARINE SCIENCES

CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY IN MARINE BIOLOGY

Centre of Advanced Study (CAS) in Marine Biology is a reputed Marine Institute in India which is actively engaged in teaching, research and extension activities in Marine Sciences. The Centre is located 12 Km away from the main campus of Annamalai University in a rural setting, having ideal location and easy access to different marine environment such as estuary, mudflats, mangroves, backwaters, sandy beach and coastal seawaters. It has made rapid strides in various facets of Marine Sciences.

This Centre was established during 1957 as a field laboratory for the Department of Zoology, Annamalai University at Parangipettai and obtained separate department status by the Annamalai University in 1961. This department was recognized for its outstanding research contribution by the University Grants Commission (UGC) as the Centre of Advanced Study in Marine Biology in October 1963. It has become a Faculty of Marine Sciences in 2010. The Centre is funded by various government organizations such as UGC, MoES, MoEn&F, DST, DBT, ICAR, ICMR, NFDB, MHRD and other national and international agencies.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES

The Centre has essential infrastructure facilities such as Reference Museum, Running Water System for maintenance of marine organism, Library, Central Instrumentation facility, Browsing facility, GIS Laboratory, walk in cold storage room, field vehicles including sea worthy boats and ENVIS. The library houses a very good collection of text books (nearly 7,000) and more than 10,000 volumes of journals (both national and international) related to research in marine science. An excellent display and reference collection of authentically identified specimens of the flora and fauna collected locally over a period of 50 years are maintained in the Museum.

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES

Students are offered the best of knowledge in all the aspects of fishery biology, capture and culture technology, processing and marketing apart from entrepreneurship training. The B.F.Sc. graduates are eligible to join as Fisheries Inspector, Asst. Director of Fisheries, banking sector, MPEDA in all Aquaculture sectors, Food processing, various capacities in ICAR Institutions, etc.

INFORMATIONS AND INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

2.1 PROGRAMME OFFERED

The following Bachelor Fisheries Sciences (B.F.Sc.) Programme is offered by Faculty of Marine Sciences, Annamalai University.

Programme	Intake of Students
Bachelor of Fisheries Science (B.F.Sc.)	30

2.1.1 Duration of the Programme

The duration of the entire programme offered is Four Academic Years comprising of Eight Semesters.

3. FEE DETAIL

The detail of fee to be paid by the candidate are given below.

Programme	Tuition Fee / Annum (₹) for the year 2016-17
Bachelor of Fisheries Sciences (B.F.Sc.)	30,000

4. HOSTEL

Admission to the hostel is Compulsory and no associate will be allowed. The room rent and establishment charges will be at the rate fixed from time to time.

5. ELIGIBILITY

General

Candidates satisfying the eligibility conditions given below as on the last date of submission of application are eligible to apply. The candidates passing the qualifying examination after the last date of submission of application shall not be considered.

5.1. Candidate should be a Citizen of India.

5.2. Overseas citizens of India who are registered under section 7A of the Citizenship Act 1955 (Central Act 57 of 1955) are eligible to apply for Bachelor of Fisheries Sciences (B.F.Sc.) Degree Programme subject to the production of proof of such registration.

5.3 Qualifying Examinations and Eligibility

(i) A pass in the Higher Secondary Course (10+2) / CBSE / any other examination recognized as equivalent thereto and fulfilling the following requirements are required.
(ACADEMIC)

S. No.	Subjects Studied in HSC/ Equivalent Course	Eligibility Minimum Marks (%)			
		OC	BC/BCM	MBC/DNC	SC/SCA/ ST
1.	Biology or Zoology and Botany	60	60	55	Pass
2.	Chemistry and Physics taken together	60	60	55	Pass
3.	Aggregate of (1) and (2) above to be not less than	70	65	60	Pass

(ii) For Candidates from Vocational Stream*

S.No.	Subjects Studied in HSC/ Equivalent Course	Eligibility Minimum Marks (%)			
		OC	BC/BCM	MBC/DNC	SC/SCA/ ST
1	Biology	60	60	55	Pass
2	Vocational subjects Only the Subject of Fisheries Total marks of Vocational subjects (i.e. 600 marks- Theory, Practical-I and Practical-II taken together) will be divided by 6 to find the percentage of marks	60	60	55	Pass
3	Aggregate of (1) and (2) above to be not less than	70	65	60	Pass

* Candidates of vocational stream will be considered only for the seats reserved for them

Note:

(i) When the candidates produce grade certificates, they have to produce the actual marks also. Otherwise only the minimum marks applicable to the grades in the subjects will be taken into account.

5.4. Maximum Number of Attempts

SI.No.	Community	Maximum Number of Attempts to Pass
1.	SC/SCA/ST	THREE
2.	OTHERS	TWO

Age should not be above 21 years as on 1st July of the year of admission.
There is no age limit for SC/SCA/ST Candidates.

6. MODE OF SELECTION - General

The selection of candidates will be based on the eligibility criteria mentioned in 5.3(i) & (ii) following the rule of reservation followed by the Government of Tamil Nadu.

7. COUNSELLING PROCEDURE

- i. Counselling will be held at the Administrative Office, Annamalai University, Annamalainagar, Chidambaram.
- ii. Counselling Schedule will be available on the website. Candidates will be called for counselling in the order of their merit.
- iii. Counselling for the special category will be held before the general counseling.
- iv. Counselling Fee: Candidates have to pay a Counselling fee of ` 2000/- ([^] 500/- for SC/SCA/ST Candidates) by cash or DD in favour of "The Registrar, Annamalai University" payable at Chennai at the time of counselling. The counselling fee is not refundable.
- v. Candidates who fail to attend the counselling at the specified date and time in

a particular phase of counselling will forfeit their right to admission on that phase.

- vi. Eligible candidates who have applied may appear for counselling according to their merit list, one hour before the counselling session along with their original certificates for verification, irrespective of receipt of individual communication.
- vii. The date, time and venue for counselling will be intimated to the candidates, through Annamalai University website. No change of date/time of counselling is permissible. University authorities are not responsible for any postal delay; or non receipt of intimation for counselling. Candidates who do not attend counselling will forego the claim for admission.
- viii. Due to unforeseen reasons, if a candidate could not attend the Counselling on the specified date and time, he/she can authorize his/her parent on his/her behalf and the parent's decision will be binding on the candidate. The authorization letter must be in the prescribed format. (Annexure-V(a) & V(b)).
- ix. If a candidate could not attend the counselling on the specified date and time, he/she can attend on a subsequent time/date, during the counselling period. But the candidate will be offered a seat only if it is available, at the time in the respective category. However such candidates cannot claim a seat as per original seniority in the merit list.
- x. After allotment of all seats in various categories the applicants, who have paid the requisite counselling fee but did not get admission will be placed in the waiting list in the order of their merit and in case vacancies arise at a later stage, due to non-joining of selected candidates or for any other reasons they will be admitted in the order of merit by following the rule of reservation.
- xi. If ranking of a candidate is changed due to re-totalling/revaluation of mark, he/she can attend counselling as per the new mark and rank, though the call letter specifies different date (as per original mark).
- xii. At the time of admission, the candidate and the parent/guardian (in case both the parents are not alive) should execute a joint declaration as given in Annexure-VII.

8. CODE OF CONDUCT

The following code of conduct shall be observed by the students who are admitted:

- a. The students should conduct themselves in an exemplary manner so as to be model for other students.
- b. All students will have to strictly adhere to the rules and regulations of the University.
- c. RAGGING: The candidates should not indulge or participate in any kind of ragging. If they are found to have indulged in ragging in the past, or noticed later, the candidates will be removed from the roll of the

institution at whatever stage of study and criminal action will be taken against the candidates.

- d. If any student is involved in ragging or any other anti- social activities, he/she will be expelled and criminal proceedings may be launched against him/her.
- e. The students should be present during all working days and sincerely apply themselves to studies.
- f. The students should attend the classes regularly and punctually and should fulfil the attendance requirement of 75% as prescribed by the University, to be eligible to appear for the University Examinations.
- g. The campus is “Tobacco Free” and “Liquor Free”. Any violation of this will result in dismissal from the program.
- h. Use of mobile phones and other electronic gadgets are not permitted in the class rooms, examination halls, faculty premises, university organized functions/programs/extracurricular and co-curricular activities.
- i. The students are forbidden from using motorized vehicles, including powered two wheelers, inside the campus.
- j. Dress Code: Students need to wear formal dress largely covering them like Sarees/Churidhar with dupatta for ladies and Trousers, Pant & Shirt for men. Use of T.Shirts/Jeans and other modern outfits should be avoided during working hours and formal functions.

PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION OF ONLINE APPLICATION

9. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICANTS

- i. Online Application Number is the Registration Number of the Annamalai University B.F.Sc. Admissions 2016.
- ii. The Candidates seeking admission should Register and apply only through Online by logging on to www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in/adm
- iii. The guidelines for registration are availability in the Annamalai University Website Portal
- iv. A candidate needs to submit only one online application. Candidates seeking admission under special reservation should also enclose special reservation form(s)/ certificates as in Annexures-I, II, III, if applicable along with the main application as per the instructions given in Eligibility Criteria.
- v. The Online application Number should be quoted in all future correspondence.

- vi. The filled in Online application should be downloaded and sent with the all enclosure either by Speed /Registered post or in person to

THE REGISTRAR
ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY
ANNAMALAINAGAR
CHIDAMBARAM
CUDDALORE DISTRICT
TAMIL NADU
PIN- 608 002

and should reach on or before 10 .06.2016 - 5.30 p.m.

- vii. Acknowledgement will be sent to the registered e-mail on receipt of the filled in online application by post together with a demand draft for ` 400/- (for SC/SCA/ST) and ` 800/- for Others which is drawn in favour of The Registrar, Annamalai University, payable at Chennai.
- viii. The candidates shall ensure that the completed online application form with all particulars and enclosures reaches the Annamalai University within the date and time specified. Applications received by Speed post/courier or any other means, after the last date & time will not be accepted irrespective of the date of booking.
- ix. The University shall not be responsible for any delay in the receipt or for the loss in transit of application form etc.,
- x. Request for extension of time for submission of documents called for, after the specified date and time will not be entertained.
- xi. Any supporting documents received after the due date or application without required documents/particulars will not be entertained.
- xii. Photocopy / Fax copy of the application will not be accepted.
- xiii. Both upper limbs, vision and hearing should be normal for all candidates (including for candidates applying under orthopaedically physically disabled category).
- xiv. The candidates are directed to enclose the following certificates along with the Online application:
- xv. Photocopy of
1. 10th Mark Sheet
 2. HSC/Equivalent Mark Sheet
 3. Transfer Certificate
 4. Permanent Community Certificate Card for ST, SC, SCA, MBC & DNC, BC and BCM.
 5. HSC Hall Ticket/Equivalent Hall Ticket

6. Nativity Certificate – if applicable

7. First Graduate Certificate and First Graduate Joint Declaration Form – if applicable

xvi. *Note: Candidates appeared for HSC / Equivalent examination in March 2016 must produce Original Mark Sheet and TC at the time of counseling. However, downloaded copy of mark sheet should be enclosed, others to enclose a copy of Mark Sheet and TC.*

xvii. viii Candidates are advised to post the completed online application well-in advance before the due date and time. If it is sent by post it is advisable to send by Registered post / Speed post to ensure proper delivery.

9.3 Important Conditions for Applicants

- i. The tuition fee and other fees shall not be refunded if a candidate discontinues in the middle of the programme and resultant vacancy is not filled up.
- ii. If the candidate discontinues the programme before commencement of classes and the resultant vacancy is filled up, the fees paid by the candidate including the caution deposit will be refunded after deducting a service charge of Rs. 2,000/-.
- iii. Fees for each academic year should be paid well before the due date, failing which a fine as prescribed by the University will be charged. The Candidate shall not be permitted to appear for the University Examination without clearing the Fee arrears.
- iv. Fees for the entire program together with arrears, if any, shall be payable by the student before Transfer Certificate is issued. However, the Special Fees for the remaining period of the program shall be waived.
- v. Caution deposit shall be refunded on application after adjustment towards any dues from the student. Application for refund of caution deposit should be submitted within one year of completing the course.
- vi. No certificate will be issued, unless the candidate has cleared all the arrears of fees etc., due to the University.
- vii. With regard to any dispute arising in relation to admission, examinations, remittance of fees, etc., the place of jurisdiction for the purpose of filing a suit or preferring a complaint or taking any legal proceedings against the University, will be Chidambaram Town only.
- viii. Original Certificates submitted at the time of admission will be returned before the end of second semester. In case a candidate requires the original certificates for valid reasons, he/she may apply for the same with valid proof. The candidates are advised to have with them attested copies of mark lists or other certificates that may be required for applying scholarships/bank loan etc.

10. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- i. The tuition fee shall not be refunded if a candidate discontinues in the middle of the programme and resultant vacancy is not filled up.
- ii. If the candidate discontinues the programme without attending any classes and the resultant vacancy is filled up, the tuition fees and caution deposit will be refunded after deducting a service charge of ` 2,000/-.
- iii. Tuition fees for each academic year (irrespective of result of University Examination) should be paid well before the due date, failing which a fine as prescribed by the University will be charged. The Candidate shall not be permitted to appear for the University Examination without clearing the Tuition fee arrears.
- iv. Tuition fees for the entire program together with arrears, if any, shall be payable by the student before Transfer Certificate is issued. However, the Special Fees for the remaining period of the program shall be waived.
- v. Caution deposit shall be refunded on application after adjustment towards any dues from the student. Application for refund of caution deposit should be submitted within one year of completing the course.
- vi. No certificate will be issued, unless the candidate has cleared all the arrears of fees etc., due to the University.
- vii. With regard to any dispute arising in relation to admission, examinations, remittance of fees, etc., the place of jurisdiction for the purpose of filing a suit or preferring a complaint or taking any legal proceedings against the University, will be Chidambaram Town only.
- viii. Original Certificates submitted at the time of admission are not returnable till the end of the Programme. Before the certificates are submitted for admission, the candidates are advised to have with them attested copies of mark lists or other certificates that may be required for applying scholarships/bank loan etc.

11. GENERAL INFORMATION

The following procedures should be followed for applying/getting certificates viz. Bonafide/Course completion/Mark lists etc. with the fee prescribed by the University.

- a. General: Mark list for each Semester/Year during the period of study will be issued by the University and distributed through the respective departments of study. On completion of the program, Provisional Certificate and Transfer Certificate will also be distributed through the department concerned.
- b. Migration Certificate: This certificate will be issued by the University Office ('K' Section) only on demand to those who have planned to undergo higher studies in any Educational Institution in India.
- c. Duplicate Certificate- Mark List/Degree/Transfer Certificate: A certificate from the police department is required to be produced for the loss of certificates indicating that the certificates were actually lost beyond recovery.

- d. Degree Certificate: Notification will be issued in the leading dailies during the month of September/October every year inviting application forms for obtaining Degree Certificate at the Convocation. Students shall apply for the same in the prescribed form which can be obtained from the University.
- e. Personal File: Students while admitted in this University must open a personal file to maintain all academic records such as challan for remittance of tuition fee, exam fee, instrument fee, condonation fee etc. till completion of his/her studies.
- f. Re-admission: If any attendance deficiency during the tenure of his/her studies, candidates shall apply for re-admission through the Heads concerned along with the photocopy of his/her previous semester/year mark list(s) as proof for having appeared for the University Examinations.
- g. Change of Name/Date of Birth: Candidate who wish to change of Name, date of Birth, of his/her name should be made only during the period of study by producing a copy of "Gazette Notification" from the respective Government NO such change shall be entertained after completion for his/her studies in the University.
- h. How to get Certificate:
 - i. Students applied for any certificates in this University viz., Bonafide, Course Completion, Duplicate mark list, Degree Certificate and Transfer Certificate etc, either during the tenure of his/her studies or completion of the program should obtain the same from the office or by post within a fortnight period from the date of filing application in the office. He/she should possess compulsorily a) a copy of letter where he/she has applied for b) a copy of remittance challan and c) any other documents, whenever any lapse of the original submitted to University (or) loss in transaction.
 - ii. If candidates do not receive the certificate/s within the stipulated period, then he/she can immediately seek the assistance of the Section Head/Deputy Registrar of the 'K' Section with relevant copy of records that has been already submitted for claiming the certificates, so as to enable them to get the certificate from the office (or) necessary guidance will be provided for the same.
 - iii. Students admitted on various programs of the University, should get back his/her original certificates produced at the time of admission within three months either on completion of program (or) discontinuing the same in the middle of the program. The University is not responsible for any lapse or damage of the certificates, beyond this period.

REGISTRAR (i/c)
ANNAM ALAI UNIVERSITY

ANNEXURE – I

**Name of the Applicant: Application No.....
 Medical Certificate for Orthopaedically Differently Abled Persons
 (TO BE ISSUED BY THE DISTRICT MEDICAL BOARD)**

Certified that the District Medical Board of (City) have this day of 2016 examined the candidate whose particulars are given below.

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| 1. Name of the Candidate | : | |
| 2. Father's Name | : | |
| 3. Sex | : | |
| 4. Approximate Age | : | |
| 5. Identification Marks | : | i. |
| | | ii. |
| 6. Whether audilogically / visually impaired | : | |
| (if yes for either one or both medical certificate / s for fitness from the respective specialist /s to be produced) | : | |
| 7. Nature of Orthopaedic | : | |
| 8. Extent of permanent disability in percentage | : | |
| 9. Whether the candidate fulfils the following Standards and may be considered for admission in B.F.Sc. | : | |
| (a) Normal Blood Pressure | : | Yes / No |
| (b) Mentally Normal | : | Yes / No |
| (c) Independent in ambulation with or without calipers but without any support | : | Yes / No |
| (d) Good standing balance with or without calipers but without any support | : | Yes / No |
| (e) Hand function within normal limits without any aid | : | Yes / No |
| (f) Good control over bowel and bladder | : | Good / Not good Yes / No |
| (g) Is the disability non-progressive | : | Yes / No |
| 10. Whether eligible for consideration under Differently Abled Persons Quota | : | Yes / No |
| 11. Whether the candidate is physically and mentally fit to be considered for admission in B.F.Sc. | : | Yes / No (If no please specify reasons) |

Space for affixing recent passport size photograph of the candidate duly attested by Chairman, District medical board

5 cm x 4 cm

Signature of the Applicant	Chairman, District Medical Board Members
Date with seal of Medical Board	1.
	2.

Note: Candidates with permanent Physical Impairment 40 % and above are eligible for consideration under reserved quota.

ANNEXURE – II

**Name of the Applicant : Application No.
 Medical Certificate for Hearing Impaired
 (TO BE ISSUED BY THE DISTRICT MEDICAL BOARD)**

Certified that the District Medical Board of (City) have this day of 2016 examined the candidate whose particulars are given below.



- 1. Name of the Candidate :
- 2. Father's Name :
- 3. Sex :
- 4. Age :
- 5. Identification Marks : 1.
2.
- 6. Whether Orthopaedically / Visually impaired : Yes / No
(If yes for either one or both medical certificate /s for fitness from the respective specialist /s to be produced)
- 7. Nature of hearing loss and extent of disability : RE. LE.
a) Pure tone average db
b) Speech discrimination score
- 8. a) Whether a suitable hearing aid to be used : Yes / No
b) Is the impairment non-progressive : Yes / No
- 9. Whether eligible for consideration under Differently Abled Persons quota : Yes / No
- 10. Whether the candidate is physically and mentally fit to be considered for admission in B.F.Sc. : Yes / No (if no please specify reasons)

Signature of the Applicant

Chairman, District Medical Board

Date with seal of

- Medical Board Member** 1.
2.

Note: Candidates with hearing ability 40 db and above only in the better ear with speech discrimination score of 50 % and above are eligible for consideration under reserved quota.

ANNEXURE – IV(a)**Name of the Applicant Application No.....****FIRST GRADUATE CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that there is no Graduate in the family of Selvan/Selvi
 _____ S/o./D/o. Thiru _____ presently
 residing at _____
 and who has applied for professional courses during the year 2016, is eligible for Tuition
 Fee exemption as per the G.O. (St.) No. 85, Higher Education (J2) Department, dated
 16.04.2010.

Sl. No.	Name	Relationship Father/Mother/ Brother/Sister/ Grand Father Grand Mother	Age	Educational Qualification	Whether Degree Holder
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Applicant			
		Father			
		Mother			
		Father's Father			
		Father's Mother			
		Mother's Father			
		Mother's Mother			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			

Station:

Date:

Office Seal:

Head Quarters Deputy Tahsildar

Taluk:

District:

ANNEXURE – IV(b)
FIRST GRADUATE CONCESSION – JOINT DECLARATION FORM

I hereby declare the following details of my family members and their education qualification to avail the tuition fee waiver for my studies in professional courses under the scheme of waiver of tuition fee to the students from the family where there are no graduates.

Sl. No.	Name	Relationship Father/Mother/ Brother/Sister/ Grand Father Grand Mother	Age	Educational Qualification	Whether Degree Holder
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Applicant			
		Father			
		Mother			
		Father's Father			
		Father's Mother			
		Mother's Father			
		Mother's Mother			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			
		Brother / Sister			

I hereby solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am the first person from my family to claim the waiver of Tuition Fee for entire Professional course of study and there is no graduate in my family so far. The particulars furnished above are true. Should it however, be found that any information furnished therein is false in material particulars on verification at a later stage, I am liable for criminal prosecution and I also agree to return the amount equal to three times the tuition fee waiver availed by me.

Date:

Place:

Signature of the Candidate

I solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am fully aware of the above declaration and the particulars furnished in the declaration are correct. I am liable for the criminal action/recovery of amount equal to three times the fees waived for incorrect particulars furnished.

Date:

Place:

Signature of the Parent/Guardian

ANNEXURE – V(a)

UNDERTAKING REGARDING AUTHORIZATION

I, son/daughter of
Thiru.....aged.....years Application
Number.....and General Rank.....in the Merit list for B.F.Sc. Degree
Programme, 2016-2017 session do hereby solemnly affirm and undertake that the
decision of my authorized representative, Thiru./Tmt./Selvi.....
Son/daughter/wife of Thiru./Tmt.....
aged.....years, regarding selection/rejection of seat on the date of
Counselling(.....) shall be binding on me and I shall not have any claim
whatsoever, other than the decision taken by my authorized representative on my behalf
on.....

Signature of the Candidate

Name.....

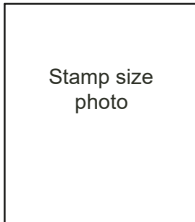
Appln. No.....

Address.....

General Rank.....

**ANNEXURE – V(b)
AUTHORIZATION LETTER**

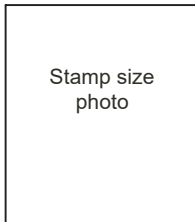
I,..... son/daughter of
Thiru..... bearing Application
number..... and General Rank in the Merit list for
B.F.Sc. Degree Programme 2016-2017 session do hereby authorize,
Thiru./Tmt./ Selvi Son/Daughter of
Thiru to represent me
on..... before the for allotment of a seat
in B.F.Sc. Degree Programme, 2016-2017 session. The signature and the photograph of
the above named Thiru./Tmt./ Selvi are attested below.



Photograph of Candidate
attested by a Gazetted
Officer

Name:
Application Number:
General Rank in the Merit List:

Signature of the Candidate:



Photograph of authorized
Representative attested by
the candidate

Signature of authorized
Representative duly attested by
the Candidate

NB: Signature and seal of the attesting authority should cross over the photographs.

**ANNEXURE – VI
INCOME CERTIFICATE**

Name of the Applicant : **Application No.**

Note : This Certificate should be issued by an Officer of Revenue Department not below the rank of a Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned

INCOME CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the annual income of Thiru/Thirumathi.....
Parent/Guardian* of Thiru / Selvi / Thirumathi an applicant
for admission to B.F.Sc. in Tamil Nadu residing at

Is Rs (Rupees only).

Signature :

Name and Designation :

Station :

Office Seal :

Date :

-
- Applicable only when both parents are deceased

This Certificate should not be issued by Special Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars such as Loans, Land acquisition, Election, excise and HQs. Deputy Tahsildars, Special Deputy Collectors, Asst. Commissioner of Agricultural Income, Excise, Elections etc.

ANNEXURE – VII**JOINT DECLARATION BY THE CANDIDATE AND PARENT / GUARDIAN**

(This should not be enclosed along with the application.

It should be submitted at the time of admission to
B.F.Sc. Degree Programme

I hereby solemnly and sincerely affirm

1. That the Statements made and information furnished in my son's / daughter's / ward's application and also in all the enclosures there to submitted by him/her are true. Should it however be found that any information furnished therein is untrue in material particulars, I realise that I am liable to criminal prosecution and I also agree to the forfeiture of his/her seat in the Institution.
2. That my son / daughter / ward would confirm strictly to all the rules and regulations in force now or which may be introduced in the Institution hereafter and that I realise that breach of discipline and rules on my son's/daughter's/Ward's part would entail summarily forfeiture of his/her seat in the institution.
3. That I am aware that if my son /daughter / ward does not put in a minimum percentage of attendance prescribed by the University (ie.75% of attendance) during the year in theory, drawing and practical classes separately, my son /daughter / ward will not be permitted for the University Examination.
4. That I am aware that the curriculum for the various programmes is not rigid and that my son /daughter /ward will follow the syllabi for the various programmes in force at the time of his/her admission and that any revision or modification made in the syllabi during the course of his/her study in the Institution will be binding on him/her.
5. That in case of my son's/daughter's/ward's progress in studies is uniformly poor in the Institution his/her studies are liable to be terminated by the issue of Transfer Certificate.
6. That in case my son/daughter/ward becomes a scholarship holder or enjoy educational concessions like half-fee, or full-fee etc., and does not show special progress, the scholarships or educational concessions are liable to be cancelled and that if my son's/daughter's/ward's conduct and character are not good these will be cancelled.
7. That my son/daughter/ward is aware that breach of discipline and rules or bad conduct in the N.C.C. or extra-curricular activities will also entail summarily forfeiture of seat in the Institution, in addition to such other proceedings that may be taken against him/her.
8. That I am aware that if my son/daughter/ward is admitted in the hostel he/she will strictly abide by the rules and regulations in force in the hostel and that any breach of discipline or rules or any unruly conduct or undesirable activities will be summarily dealt with by forfeiture of seat both in the hostel and in the institution in addition to such other proceedings that may be taken against him/her.
9. That I am fully aware, as per the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India and Tamilnadu Prohibition of Ragging Act 1997, Ragging is an offence, as is banned in the Institutions and anyone indulging in ragging is liable to be punished such as expulsion from the Institution and / or rigorous imprisonment upto 3 years, and / or fine upto Rs. 25,000/-
10. I assure that I will not use powered two wheelers inside the campus till completion of my studies.

Place :

Date :

Signature of the Candidate

Signature of the Parent / Guardian

ANNEXURE – VIII**List of Districts in Tamil Nadu.**

Name of District	Code No.
Ariyalur	01
Chennai	02
Coimbatore	03
Cuddalore	04
Dharmapuri	05
Dindigul	06
Erode	07
Kancheepuram	08
Kanyakumari	09
Karur	10
Krishnagiri	11
Madurai	12
Nagapatinam	13
Namakkal	14
Perambalur	15
Pudukottai	16
Ramanathapuram	17
Salem	18
Sivagangai	19
Thanjavur	20
The Nilgiris	21
Theni	22
Thiruvallur	23
Thiruvannamalai	24
Thiruvarur	25
Tirunelveli	26
Tiruppur	27
Trichirappalli	28
Tuticorin	29
Vellore	30
Villupuram	31
Virudhunagar	32
Others	33

ANNEXURE – IX
LIST OF COMMUNITIES

Code No.	I. SCHEDULED TRIBES IN TAMILNADU	Code No.	II. SCHEDULED CASTES IN TAMILNADU
1	Adiyan	2	Adi-Dravida
2	Aranadan	3	Adi-Kamataka
3	Eravallan	4	Ajila
4	Irular.	6	Ayyanavar (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District)
5	Kadar	7	Baira
6	Kammara (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).	8	Bakuda
7	Kanikaran, Kanikkar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah and Ambasamudram taluk of Tirunelveli District).	9	Bandi
8	Kaniyan, Kanyan.	10	Bellara
9	Kattunayakan.	11	Bharatar (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
10	Kochu Velan.	13	Chalavadi
11	Konda Kapus.	14	Chamar, Muchi
12	Kondareddis.	15	Chandala
13	Koraga.	16	Cheruman
14	Kota (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).	17	Devendrakulathan
15	Kudiya, Melakudi.	18	Dom, Dombara, Paidi, Pano
16	Kurichchan.	19	Domban.
17	Kurumbas (in the Nilgiris District).	20	Godagali
18	Kurumans.	21	Godda
19	Maha Malasar.	22	Gosangi
20	Malai Arayan.	23	Holeya
21	Malai Pandaram.	24	Jaggali
22	Malai Vedan.	25	Jambuvulu
23	Malakkuravan.	26	Kadaiyan
24	Malasar.	27	Kakkalan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
25	Malayali (in Dharmapuri, Vellore, Pudukottai, Salem, Namakkal, Cuddalore, Tiruvannamalai, Villupuram, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).	28	Kalladi
26	Malayakandi.	29	Kanakkan, Padanna (in the Nilgiris District)
27	Mannan.	30	Karimpalan
28	Mudugar, Muduvan.	31	Kavara (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
29	Muthuvan.	32	Koliyan
30	Pallayan.	33	Koosa
31	Palliyar.	34	Kootan, Koodan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
32	Palliyar.	35	Kudumban
33	Paniyan.	36	Kuravan, Sidhanar
34	Sholaga.	39	Maila
35	Toda (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).	40	Mala
36	Uraly.	41	Mannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
		42	Mavilan.
		43	Moger.
		44	Mundala.
		45	Nalakeyava

46	Nayadi	1.	G.O.Ms.No.85 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities welfare Department dated 29.7.2008
47	Padannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)	2.	G.O.Ms.No.96, Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities welfare Department dated 8.9.2008
49	Pallan	3.	G.O.Ms.No.97 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities welfare Department dated 11.9.2008
50	Palluvan	4.	G.O.Ms.No.37 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities welfare Department dated 21.5.2009
51	Pambada.	5.	G.O.Ms.No.98 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities welfare Department dated 5.1.2009.
52	Panan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)		
53	Panchama.		
54	Pannadi.		
55	Panniandi.		
56	Paraiyan, Parayan, Sambavar.		
57	Paravan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
58	Pathiyan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
59	Pulayan, Cheramar.		
60	Puthirai Vannan.		
61	Raneyar.		
62	Samagara.		
63	Samban.		
64	Sapari		
65	Semman.		
66	Thandan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
68	Tiruvalluvar		
69	Vallon		
70	Valluvan.		
71	Vannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
72	Vathiriyar.		
73	Velan		
74	Venganur Adi-Dravidar (in Vellore District)		
75	Veppur Parayan (in Cuddalore District)		
76	Vetan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
77	Vettiyan.		
78	Vettuvan (Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).		
		Code No.	III (A). MOST BACKWARD CLASSES IN TAMILNADU
		1	Ambalakarar.
		2	Andipandaram.
		2A	Arayar (in Kanniyakumari District)
		3	Bestha, Siviari.
		4	Bhatraju (Other than Kshatriya Raju)
		5	Boyar, Oddar.
		6	Dasari.
		7	Dommarar.
		8	Eravallar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Tribe).
		9	Isaivellalar.
		10	Jambuvanodai.
		11	Jangam.
		12	Jogi.
		13	Kongu Chettiar (in Coimbatore and Erode Districts only)
		14	Koracha.
		15	Kulala (including Kuyavar and Kumbarar).
		16	Kunnuvar Mannadi.
		17	Kurumba Gounder
		18	Kuruhini Chetty.
		18A	Latin Catholics Christian Vannar (in Kanniyakumari District)
		19	Maruthuvar, Navithar, Mangala, Velakattalavar, Velakatalanair and Pronopakari.
		20	Mond Golla.
		21	Moundadan Chetty.
		22	Mahendra, Medara.
		23	Mutlakampatti.
		24	Narikoravar(Kuruvikars).
		25	Nokkar
Code No.	II (A). SCHEDULED CASTES ARUNTHATHIYARS IN TAMILNADU		
1	Adi-Andhra		
5	Arunthathiyar		
12	Chakkiliyan		
37	Madari		
38	Madigai		
48	Pagada		
67	Thoti		

25A	Panisaivan / Panisivan	48	Battu Turkas.
26	Vanniyakula Kshatriya (including Vanniyar, Vanniya, Vannia Gounder, Gounder or Kander, Padayachi, Palli and Agnikula Kshatriya).	49	C.K. Koravars (Cuddalore and Villupuram Districts).
27	Paravar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Caste)	50	Chakkala (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul and the Nilgiris Districts).
27A	Paravar converts to Christianity including the Paravar converts to Christianity of Kanyakumari District and Shenkottai Taluk in Tirunelveli District.	51	Changayampudi Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
28	Meenavar (Parvatharajakulam, Pattanavar, Sembadavar) (including converts to Christianity).	52	Chettinad Valayars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).
29	Mukkuvar or Mukayar (including converts to Christianity).	53	Dombs (Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
30	Punnan Vettuva Gounder.	54	Dobba Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
31	Pannayar (other than Kathikarar in Kanniyakumari District).	55	Dommas (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
32	Sathatha Srivaishnava (Including Sathani, Chattadi and Chattada Srivaishnava).	56	Donga Boya.
33	Sozhia Chetty.	57	Donga Ur.Korachas.
34	Telugupatty Chetty.	58	Devagudi Talayaris.
35	Thottia Naicker (including Rajakambalam, Gollavar, Sillavar, Thockalavar Thozhuva Naicker, and Erragalor)	59	Dobba Korachas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
36	Thondaman.	60	Dabi Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
36A	Thoraiyar (The Nilgiris)	61	Donga Dasaris (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Chennai, Salem and Namakkal Districts).
36B	Thoraiyar (Plains)	62	Gorrela Dodda Boya.
37	Valaiyar (including Chettinad Valayars).	63	Gudu Dasaris.
38	Vannar (Salavai Thozhilalar) (including Agasa, Madivala, Ekali, Rajakula, Veluthadar and Rajaka) (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Caste).	64	Gandarvakottai Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Cuddalore and Villupuram Districts).
39	Vettaikarar.	65	Gandarvakottai Kallars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).
40	Vettuva Gounder.	66	Inji Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
41	Yogeeswarar.	67	Jogis (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Chennai, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Dist).
		68	Jambavanodai.
		69	Kaladis (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
		70	Kal Oddars (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem and Namakkal Districts).

Code No.	III (B). DENOTIFIED COMMUNITIES IN TAMILNADU
42	Attur Kilnad Koravars (Salem, Namakkal, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai and Virudhunagar Districts)
43	Attur Melnad Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
44	Appanad Kondayam Kottai Maravar (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts).
45	Ambalakarar (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
46	Ambalakarar (Suriyanur, Tiruchirapalli District).
47	Boyas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, The Nilgiris, Salem, Namakkal, Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri Districts).

71	Koravars (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Chennai, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, and The Nilgiris Districts).	95	Sooramari Oddars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
72	Kalinji Dabikoravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).	96	Sembanad Maravars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).
73	Kootappal Kallars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai District).	97	Thalli Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
74	Kala Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai District).	98	Thelungapatti Chettis (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
75	Kalavathila Boyas.	99	Thottia Naickers (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem, Namakkal, Vellore, Tiruvannamalai, Coimbatore and Erode Districts).
76	Kepmaris (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).	100	Thogamalai Koravars or Kepmaris (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
77	Maravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli and Thoothukudi Districts).	101	Uppukoravars or Settipalli Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
78	Monda Koravars.	102	Urali Gounders (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
79	Monda Golla (Salem and Namakkal Districts).	103	Wayalpad or Nawalpeta Korachas.
80	Mutlakampatti (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).	104	Vaduvarpatti Koravars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
81	Nokkars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).	105	Valayars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Erode and Coimbatore Districts).
82	Nellorepet Oddars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).	106	Vettaikarar (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).
83	Oddars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts).	107	Vetta Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
84	Pedda Boyas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).	108	Varaganeri Koravars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
85	Ponnai Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).	109	Vettuva Gounder (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
86	Piramalai Kallars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam and Tiruvarur Districts).		
87	Peria Suriyur Kallars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).		
88	Padayachi (Vellayan Kuppam in Cuddalore District, Tennore in Tiruchirapalli District).		
89	Punnan Vettuva Gounder (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).		
90	Servai (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).		
91	Salem Melnad Koravars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Coimbatore, Erode, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Salem, Namakkal, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).		
92	Salem Uppu Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).		
93	Sakkaraithamadai Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).		
94	Saranga Palli Koravars.		

Code No.	IV. BACKWARD CLASSES IN TAMILNADU
1.	Agamudayar including Thozhu or Thuluva Vellala.
2.	Agaram Vellan Chettiar.
3.	Alwar, Azhavar and Alavar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
4.	Servai (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts)..
5.	Nulayar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
6.	Archakarai Vellala.
7.	Aryavathi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
8.	Ayira Vaisyar.
9.	Badagar.
10.	Billava

11.	Bondil.	28.	Hegde.
12.	Boyas (except Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, The Nilgiris, Salem, Namakkal Krishnagiri and Dharmapuri Districts) and Pedda Boyar (except Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts). Oddars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts) Kaloddars (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem and Namakkal Districts) Nellorepet Oddars (except Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts). Sooramari Oddars (except Salem and Namakkal Districts).	29.	Idiga.
13.	Chakkala (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul and the Nilgiris Districts).	30.	Illathu Pillaimar, Illuvar, Ezhuvar and Illathar.
14.	Chavalakarar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	31.	Jhetty.
15.	Chettu or Chetty (including Kottar Chetty, Elur Chetty, Pathira Chetty, Valayalchetty, Pudukadai Chetty (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	32.	Jogis (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
16.	Chowdry.	33.	Kabbera.
16A	Converts to Christianity from Scheduled Castes irrespective of the generation of conversion (except the Paravar converts to Christianity of Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District)	34.	Kaikolar, Sengunthar.
16B	C.S.I. formerly S.I.U.C. (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	35.	Kaladi (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
17.	Donga Dasaris (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Chennai, Salem and Namakkal Districts.)	36.	Kalari Kurup including Kalari Panicker (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
18.	Devangar, Sedar.	37.	Kalingi.
19.	Dombs (except Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts). Dommars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).	38.	Kallar. Easanattu Kallar. Gandarvakottai Kallars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts). Kootappal Kallars (except Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts). Piramalai Kallars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam and Tiruvarur Districts). Periya Sooriyur Kallars (except Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts). Kallar Kula Thondaman.
20.	Enadi.	39.	Kalveli Gounder.
21.	Ezhavathy (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	40.	Kambar.
22.	Ezhuthachar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	41.	Kammalar or Viswakarma, Viswakarmala (including Thattar, Porkollar, Kannar, Karumar, Kollar, Thacher, Kal Thacher, Kamsala and Viswabrahmin).
23.	Ezhuva (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	42.	Kani, Kanisu, Kaniyar Panicker.
24.	Gangavar.	43.	Kaniyala Vellalar.
25.	Gavara, Gavara and Vadugar (Vaduvar) (other than Kamma, Kapu, Balija and Reddi).	44.	Kannada Saineegar, Kannadiyar (Throughout the State) and Dasapalanjika (Coimbatore, Erode and the Nilgiris Districts).
26.	Gounder.	45.	Kannadiya Naidu.
27.	Gowda (including Gammala, Kalali and Anuppa Gounder).	46.	Karpoora Chettiar.
		47.	Karuneegar (Seer Karuneegar, Sri Karuneegar, Sarattu Karuneegar, Kaikatti Karuneegar, Mathuvazhi Kanakkar, Sozhi Kanakkar and Sunnambu Karuneegar).
		48.	Kasukkara Chettiar.
		49.	Katesar, Pattamkatti.
		50.	

51.	Kavuthiyar.	77.	Nangudi Vellalar.
52.	Kerala Mudali.	78.	Nanjil Mudali (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
53.	Kharvi.	79.	Odar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
54.	Khatri.	80.	Odiya.
55.	Kongu Vaishnava.	81.	Oottruvalanattu Vellalar.
56.	Kongu Vellalars (including Vellala Gounder, Nattu Gounder, Narambukkatti Gounder, Tirumudi Vellalar, Thondu Vellalar, Pala Gounder, Poosari Gounder, Anuppa Vellala Gounder, Padaithalai Gounder, Chendalai Gounder, Pavalankatti Vellala Gounder, Pala Vellala Gounder, Sanku Vellala Gounder and Rathinagiri Gounder).	82.	O.P.S. Vellalar.
57.	Koppala Velama.	83.	Ovachar.
58.	Koteyar.	84.	Paiyur Kotta Vellalar.
59.	Krishnanvaka (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	85.	Pamulu.
60.	Kudikara Vellalar.	86.	Panar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled caste).
61.	Kudumbi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	86A	Pandiya Vellalar
62.	Kuga Vellalar.	87	Omitted
63.	Kunchidigar.	88.	Kathikarar in Kanniyakumari District.
63A	Latin Catholics except Latin Catholic Vannar (in Kanniyakumari District)	89.	Pannirandam Chettiar or Uthama Chettiar.
63B	Latin Catholics in Shencottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District.	90.	Parkavakulam (including Surithimar, Nathamar, Malayamar, Moopnar and Nainar).
64.	Lambadi.	91.	Perike (including Perike Balija).
65.	Lingayat (Jangama)	92.	Perumkollar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
66.	Mahratta (Non-Brahmin) (including Namdev Mahratta)	93.	Podikara Vellalar.
67.	Malayar.	94.	Pooluva Gounder.
68.	Male.	95.	Poraya.
69.	Maniagar	96.	Pulavar (in Coimbatore and Erode Districts).
70.	Maravars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli and Thoothukudi Districts). Karumaravars Appanad Kondayam Kottai Maravars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts). Sembanad Maravars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).	97.	Pulluvar or Pooluvar.
71.	Moondrumandai Enbathunalu (84) Ur. Sozhia Vellalar.	98.	Pusala.
72.	Mooppan.	99.	Reddy (Ganjam)
73.	Muthuraja, Muthuracha, Muttiriyar, Mutharaiyar.	100.	Sadhu Chetty (including Telugu Chetty, Twenty four Manai Telugu Chetty).
74.	Nadar, Shanar and Gramani (including Christian Nadar, Christian Shanar and Christian Gramani).	101.	Sakkaravar or Kavathi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
75.	Nagaram.	102.	Salivagana.
76.	Naikkar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).	103.	Saliyar, Padmasaliyar, Pattusaliyar, Pattariyar and Adhaviyar.
		104.	Savalakkarar.
		105.	Senaithalaivar, Senaikudiyar and Illaivaniar.
		105A	Serakula Vellalar.
		106.	Sourashtra (Patnulkarar).
		107.	Sozhiavellalar (including Sozha Vellalar, Vetrilaikarar, Kodikalkarar and Keeraikarar).
		108.	Srisayar.
		109.	Sundaram Chetty.
		110.	Thogatta Veerakshatriya.
		111.	Tholkollar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).

112.	Tholuva Naicker and Vetalakara Naicker.
113.	Omitted
114.	Thoriyar
115.	Ukkirakula Kshatriya Naicker.
116.	Uppara, Uppillia and Sagara.
117.	Urali Gounder (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts) and Orudaya Gounder or Oorudaya Gounder (in Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Coimbatore, Erode, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Salem and Namakkal Districts).
118.	Urikara Nayakkar.
118A	Virakodi Vellala.
119.	Vallambar.
119A	Vallanattu Chettiar.
120.	Valmiki.
121.	Vaniyar, Vania Chettiar (including Gandla, Ganika, Telikula and Chekkalar).
122.	Veduvar and vedar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the Community is a Scheduled Caste).
123.	Veerasaiva (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
124.	Velar.
125.	Vellan Chettiar.
126.	Veluthodathu Nair (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
127.	Vokkaligar (including Vakkaligar, Okkaligar, Kappiliyar, Kappiliya, Okkaliga Gowda,

	Okkaliya, Gowda, Okkaliya Gowder, Okkaliya Gowda).
128.	Wynad Chetty (The Nilgiris District).
129.	Yadhava (including Idaiyar, Telugu Speaking Idaiyar known as Vaduga Ayar or Vaduga Idaiyar or Golla and Asthanthra Golla).
130.	Yavana
131.	Yerukula
131A	Converts to Christianity from any Hindu Backward Classes Community or Most Backward Classes Community or Denotified Communities except the Converts to Christianity from Meenavar, Parvatharajakulam, Pattanavar, Sembadavar, Mukkuvar or Mukayar and Paravar.
132.	Orphans and destitute Children who have lost their parents before reaching the age of ten and are destitutes; and who have nobody else to take care of them either by law or custom; and also who are admitted into any of the schools or orphanages run by the Government or recognized by the Government.

Code No	V. BACKWARD CLASSES MUSLIMS IN TAMILNADU
1.	Ansar
2.	Dekkani Muslims
3.	Dudekula
4.	Labbais including Rowthar and Marakayar (whether their spoken language is Tamil or Urdu)
5.	Mapilla
6.	Sheik
7.	Syed

